

THE NEW NORTH.

VOLUME 17, NO. 32.

RHINELANDER, WISCONSIN, THURSDAY, SEPT. 28, 1899.

TERMS—\$1.50 IN ADVANCE

Staley's Goods!

Ask anybody who has worn Staley's Underwear and Overshirts what they think about the goods. They will say: "Why they are the best for the money I ever wore."

Don't buy your under and overshirts and pants until you see Staley's Underwear and the Malone Pants.

Remember our Jackets and Capes are fine and Cheap this fall. See them before you buy.

SPAFFORD & COLE



Don't Jump Into Clothing

of doubtful quality just because it seems cheap. Better buy here. We stand at the back of every

Suit and Overcoat

in our stock. We know its worth and can recommend it.

The Goods Are New

The Patterns Neat, and the cutting and making equal to work of many high-priced Tailors.

C. FREDRICKSON,
Rhinelander, Wis.

Lay Sermon.

Alas, if we'd fancy's train
To drowse beside our fires are faint,
Letting the world slip by amain,
Unceasing of its verities,
Our neighbors will not let us be
At peace with idleness,
They quote us maxims, two or three,
Of similar apertures.
In question not, a man may hear
His still soul walked from noisy care,
And walk serene in places where
An ancient wrath is denizen.
The pilgrim's feet may know no ease,
And yet his heart's delight increase,
For all ways that are trod in peace
Lead upward to God's habitation.
Arthur Colton, in October Scribner's.

Amid life's toils the question doubtless comes to us all—Is there rest in this life? If we answer it affirmatively another query may demand attention,—what is rest? And still another asserts itself,—how much rest is a man entitled to take?

Men generally answer these questions according to their natures and proclivities. To the call of duty the indolent man answers "I pray thee have me excused." The selfish man consults only his own personal convenience. The venal man regulates his compliance by the number of dollars involved. The philanthropist responds only when the way is easy and flowery and somebody else carries the burdens. So, although we all hear the clarion call, each man, unless there is in him something of the heroic, treads in his own chosen path, and is perfectly willing to let the world take care of itself.

There is rest, even in earthly life, for every man. But the elements of rest are not external, they are within ourselves. They depend upon constitutional conditions. I apprehend that the disturbers of rest are more numerous than its promoters. An uneasy conscience, a spirit of worry, the consciousness of duty neglected, business cares, a hundred forms of perturbation, are all enemies of rest. Defeat is not a word of divine intentment. The man who yields to these enemies of his rest is either weak or venal. His overthrow indicates a lack of resisting power or a willingness to suffer for gain. Normally the elements of rest are in every soul. They require protection and development. A man must keep up his moral exercise. He must attend to his spiritual regimen. He must not permit the hinges of his heart's door to become rusty. He must not allow the fountain of benevolence to congeal. He must not let himself be imbued with the idea that worldly success is paramount. He should have, in some degree, a belief that "there's a divinity that shapes our ends." The true difficulty is to know how far such a belief shall control our action. Faith is saving, fatalism is destructive. In the happy medium is safety. In other words, when we know that we have reached our ultimate attainment, and are willing that this divinity should shape our ends, then we can have rest. That is faith. It is, on one hand, the evidence of arrogant assumption, on the other the recognition of something in the universe bigger than ourselves. This last is essential. He who trusts nobody never can have rest.

But what is rest? Perhaps the better answer is to show what it is not. It is not quiescence. The inert man is a cipher. Inertia is not rest, it is rust. Rest implies relief from something. From what? From labor, from care, from life's anxieties. The only man for whom there is no rest is he who has not earned it. Rest without labor is like eating without hunger. There is no appetite to give it rest. There is, in fact, nothing to call it into existence. But while rest presupposes labor it does not offer idleness. Labor may and should progress even in rest. In short, labor is relaxation, not cessation from activity. As in physical exercise we rest one set of muscles by exerting another, so real rest in any relation is only a change in the form of action.

But how much rest is a man entitled to take? All that duty demands. In the first place he has no right to overtax any power of mind or body. By overtaxing I do not mean that he should not labor to the extent of his ability, but only to the point when the demands of rest become imperative. Beyond that he has no right to go. No man is his own. Everyone, except old bachelors, belongs to someone else; and something in the universe has a claim even on old bachelors if they would only dust around and find it.

So from these premises we deduce the principle that rest is a duty, when the infallible tests of nature and common sense suggest its necessity.

But in the light of the preceding question, "what is rest," we must be careful how we take it. In the sense of inertia man has no right to rest. Relatively there is not a moment of time his own. At least it is

not his to squander. Motion is inherent and perpetual in all nature. You cannot keep your body still. You cannot discipline your own mind to thoughtlessness. Even in sleep its operations go on, and in your dreams you traverse a hundred years in a minute.

So every moment has its claim upon us. Life's balance sheet is made up of little items. The debts there charged are proportional to our ability to pay. To discharge all those obligations requires all the minutes of all the hours. That is what inspired the author of the text to write

"Our neighbors will not let us be
At peace with idleness."

The world has no use for a useless man. I suppose immortality is universal, but for such a man it would seem there ought to be annihilation. On the world's great theater of action there is a call for every man's best. The powers that be are no respecters of persons, times or seasons. It matters not that you may be reposing upon a bed of roses, they will rout you out as unceremoniously as if it were a pallet of straw.

And for such labors, with alternatives of judicious rest, which is only another form of effort, every man should be prepared. The disciplinary work rests with himself. Everything is his to choose or reject. Nature never has indicated what bounds she sets to our achievements. But she does promise, and revelation confirms the pledge, that no labor, honestly performed, shall go unrewarded. The days may be long and dreary; the heat of the noon-tide may be oppressive; the burden may be heavy; the road may be rough and rugged; thorns may pierce our feet; the vials of wrath or the flood gates of woe may open upon us; but all shall end in bright morning. The end must be peace. No virtue ever was practiced in vain. As our author writes,

"For all ways that are trod in peace
Lead upward to God's habitation."
So mote it be.

A Timber Purchase.

E. S. Shepard last week purchased 210 acres of pine land near High Lake, Vilas county, from W. D. Gray, of Milwaukee. The tract is said to be a fine one and contains 1,200,000 feet of white pine. The consideration of sale is private.

Goes to Dorchester.

Rev. Victor Bally resigned from the pastorate of St. Mary's church Sunday after celebrating low mass. He left for Dorchester, this state, Monday morning, where he will preach in the future. Rev. Bally has made many friends during his stay here outside as well as in his congregation who regret his departure.

Well Liked at Minocqua.

E. G. Squier's new orchestra, which made its initial appearance before a crowd of dancers last Saturday night, at the opening of the new Schlitz opera house at Minocqua, was well received, the music being in every way satisfactory. There were ninety couples on the floor, many dancers being present from Arbor Vitae and Hazelhurst. The full orchestra numbers eight instruments—two violins, cornet and clarinet, bass viol, trombone, flute and a complete trap drummer's equipment. The members of the orchestra are all sight readers of music and the latest dance selections are played. The orchestra will furnish music for the dance given by the Maccabee ladies tomorrow evening at the New Grand opera house.

Death of Mrs. A. J. Sawyer.

The news of the death of Mrs. A. J. Sawyer, of Menominee, a sister of G. H. Clark, of this city, reached here Monday. Mrs. Sawyer died at her home at 820 that morning. For more than a year she had been suffering with consumption of the bowels, and although the best doctors to be obtained were in constant attendance, they were able to do little for her except to ease her suffering. Mrs. G. H. Clark went to Menominee on Saturday last, and was with her when the end came. Mr. G. H. Clark and Mrs. A. P. Clark went Wednesday morning, and were present at the funeral which occurred from the home of the deceased yesterday afternoon. A husband, two daughters, mother and two brothers survive her. Mrs. Sawyer was a lady of refinement and culture, and by her pleasant manner won the unvarying friendship of all who met her. She had made frequent visits to Rhinelander during the past few years, and had made many friends among the ladies here, who will deeply regret to learn of her death, and who extend tender sympathies to those who are left to mourn.

Just

take a few minutes off when you have them to spare to

Call

and look over our brand new line of Clothing and Furnishings for the winter trade

And

if you are in need of anything in the line of Woods-men's Wear, such as Mackinaws, Heavy Trousers, Leggings, Shoes, Rubbers, etc.,

See

the finest layout of goods you ever looked at and at prices you can well afford to pay.

Our

Stock is all guaranteed to give the purchaser entire satisfaction. We have

Clothing

for winter, both for men and boys, that cannot help but appeal to your taste. Never before have such garments been offered for sale in Rhinelander.

H. LEWIS, Brown St., RHINELANDER.

Off for Washington.

Tim Lennon left last night for the state of Washington where he will very likely make his home for some years to come. He holds an option on a valuable tract of timber land located about 50 miles north of Seattle, and as it had nearly expired he left at the earliest time possible in order to make the purchase of the tract which he was desirous of obtaining title to.

Mr. Lennon is very favorably impressed with the big western state and is of the opinion that its resources have but just begun to be developed. The timber there is a revelation to the estimator from the north, the mammoth trees, when compared with those from the woods hereabouts, causing them to look like underbrush. The saw mills at and in the neighborhood of Seattle are monsters of their kind, many of them being able to saw timbers over 110 feet in length. Mr. Lennon spoke of one mill that cut timbers 125 feet long. The Washington pine is of fine quality and uniformly free from bluish.

The traffic in Seattle is very heavy and business is continually increasing in volume. Mr. Lennon had been in the habit of stopping at the Hotel Seattle while in the bustling city, and although it was a hostelry of over 200 rooms, saw patrons sent to other quarters owing to every apartment being taken.

The mining and fisheries trades particularly impressed Mr. Lennon with the magnitude of the business done. In both of these lines exceptional opportunities are offered to men of experience.

Mr. Lennon offers his house for sale, and will be joined in his new location by Mrs. Lennon within two or three weeks. The household effects will be packed in the meantime and prepared for shipment to the coast.

G. H. Clark is interested with Mr. Lennon in the new field of operations and the latter still maintains his interests in the hardware and other lines of business in which Mr. Clark and he were interested heretofore in this neighborhood.

The friends of Mr. Lennon in this city, while regretting his departure from here and the added loss when his estimable wife shall have left us, unite in wishing them every success.

Laid New Track.

The Langley & Alderson logging road has been ironed for a distance of about eight miles from Star Lake. The end of the track touches the town line between Towns D and H in Sec. 32 of T. 9, Range 9 East. About 50,000,000 feet of the company's contract will come over the new line to the Wilson & Salsk mill at Star Lake.

Lots For Sale

In all parts of the city at less than half price. E. H. KEITH.

Commenced Work on the Armory.

Work on the foundation for the new armory for the boys of Co. I, began Wednesday morning. The contract for the excavating and stone work was secured by Herbert Samways, who started in clearing the land at once. The location is south of the Congregational church, about midway between the church and the Model Steam laundry.

The dimensions of the building will be 55x125, with a basement which will contain the furnace and baths and ample room for wood.

The main floor will be divided into three compartments, a drill room and officers' and men's quarters. The drill room will be 55x100 feet in size and will also be used as a dance hall when occasion requires. A partition will be built across the width of the hall and the remaining space divided into two or more rooms of good size.

Gus Horn is drawing the plans for the building which will be a model one for the purposes intended.

Star Lake Notes.

Alex Blue is out of town for a few days.

Pettibone was in town the last of the week.

The saw mill commenced running five quarters last Monday.

There has been two bears seen near here in the last few days.

Mrs. Madden of Minocqua was in town between trains on Wednesday of last week.

Miss Mayme Giddes left on Sunday for Chicago, where she will attend school the coming year.

Lawrence Dunwoodie and Fred Moequais took in the dance at Minocqua Saturday evening.

Mr. Warren, head inspector of the Wisconsin Valley Lumberman's Association, transacted business in town last week.

The Norwegian society gave a social at the school house last Sunday afternoon and evening. Cake and coffee were served.

Mr. Charles Blair, Engineer on one of the trains here, took his engine to Lakeock on Saturday night for repairs and returned with another engine Sunday evening.

There was a man killed at Langley's camps on Wednesday of last week. A tree struck him on the head. He lived several hours, but never regained consciousness. His friends live in Canada. He was unmarried and thirty-five years old.

M. Cyr, one of the head men in the woods, came near having a serious accident. While switching cars last Thursday, he was standing on the logging train, when the cars suddenly stopped throwing him off the car. His arm lay across the rail and before the car stopped it crashed into it and cut it to the bone.

STAR LAKE BROWNE.

MAN OF MANY PARTS.

William Owen Smith Who Is to Represent Hawaii.

He Will Be the First Delegate to Congress from the New Territory—What He Has Done to Merit Public Confidence.

William Owen Smith, who has just been selected by the government of the republic of Hawaii to represent the islands at Washington during the coming session of congress, is one of the tried, trusted, best-known and ablest public men of the new territory. His mission will be to answer questions bearing on legislation to be enacted for the purpose of extending the American system to the mid-Pacific. At present Hawaii has merely the protection of the United States. The stars and stripes were raised there on August 12, 1898, but the old order obtains, with President Dole and his cabinet at the head of affairs, till the enabling act already prepared becomes a law.

The special ambassador to Washington was born in the islands a little less than 20 years ago. After finishing with the schools down there, he attended an American university, took up the law and was admitted to practice before the courts of the state of California. Mr. Smith was for a short time sheriff of one of the islands, but resigned to join the reform party, or opposition to the crown, and for nearly 20 years was a member of the legislature. During all of that time he was with the minority, but, with the cooperation of a few men like Mr. (President) Dole, succeeded in accomplishing much. In those days, up to late in the 80's, the whole of the membership of the House of nobles (senate) was appointed by the crown. About all the political power was in the hands of the king. He appointed his ministers, who could only be removed at his pleasure or by a vote of want of confidence on the part of two-thirds of the legislature. As many of the representatives had been assisted to their seats either by the king direct or by nobles, and as one man could then hold



WILLIAM OWEN SMITH.
(Appointed to Represent Hawaii in the American Congress.)

any number of offices, the minority had a hard row to hoe.

Most of the meetings preliminary to the concerted movement which resulted in the overthrow of monarchy, January 17, 1893, were held at the downtown law office of W. O. Smith, less than 100 feet from the police station. Mr. Smith and his friends were being watched closely all the time by the officers of Queen Liliuokalani, and the wonder always has been that they were not summarily treated. They were armed and determined, but weak in numbers.

It is only a few months ago that Mr. Smith left the cabinet. He had been the attorney general from January 17, 1893. He was a regular glutton for work. When yet a mere boy, Mr. Smith organized what is now the Planters' Labor & Supply company, one of the most powerful aggregations of wealth and enterprise and action and effectiveness to be found anywhere. He edited the monthly organ of the planters, and for a time was in daily newspaper work. In the division of the civil service work the attorney general in the islands is legal adviser to the government, and all its officers, is at the head of the police department, with a marshal for executive officer, and finally holds the responsible post of president of the board of health. Mr. Smith performed all his duties with such intelligence, thoroughness and honesty that his resignation was accepted with the greatest reluctance by President Dole and associates, and deeply regretted by all citizens.

As Mr. Smith was a stalwart in the overthrow of 1893, so was he one of the chiefs in suppressing the rebellion of 1895. His control of the police department and the remarkable degree of efficiency which obtained in that bureau gave the country a well-drilled force supplemental to the regular army. Mr. Smith believed in hitting hard at the time of a crisis, but when once the natives in rebellion were subdued the attorney general was among the first to set about for reconstruction.

Perhaps the most signal service Mr. Smith ever performed for the islands was late in the summer of 1895, when the Asiatic cholera was brought to the port of Honolulu from the Orient. As president of the board of health, Mr. Smith handled the situation like a veteran general. He called for the aid of citizens of all races and classes, and was the father of the system of inspection and cleansing which stamped out the disease in three weeks, with a loss of but 50 lives.

In the first delegate from Hawaii the public men at Washington with whom Mr. Smith comes in contact will find a gentleman worthy any state in the union, a practical, capable man, but a total stranger to the trimming and jobbing known so well to the politicians of the mainland.

THE OLDEST SOVEREIGN.

Grand Duke Adolph of Luxembourg. Now 82 Years of Age, Highest Holder of the Title.

In connection with the eighty-second birthday, which took place on the 21st of July, the oldest sovereign in Europe, H. R. H. the grand duke of Luxembourg, we publish a portrait specially taken for this occasion. Among most people the belief has prevailed that the queen of England or the king of Denmark is the oldest sovereign, but the grand duke of Luxembourg and duke of Nassau is now 82, whilst King Christian attained his eighty-first birthday on April 8, the queen having been 83 on



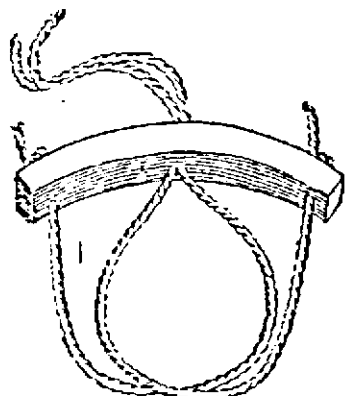
GRAND DUKE OF LUXEMBURG.
(The Oldest Ruling Sovereign in Europe.)

May 24. But, on the other hand, the grand duke was one of the last sovereigns to ascend the throne; in fact, when he did so, seven years ago last November, the queen of England had reigned 53 years. However, Prince Adolph had ascended the throne of Nassau as far back as 1850, but was driven therefrom by the victorious Prussians in 1856. The then duke of Nassau married, in 1818, Grand Duchess Elizabeth Michaelowna of Russia, who died in the following year, and, secondly, the present grand duchess, Princess Adelaide of Anhalt, in 1821. Of the latter marriage there are two children, the hereditary Grand Duke William and Princess Hilma. The latter is the wife of the hereditary grand duke of Baden, and childless; the former married, in 1891, Infanta Maria Anna of Braganza, and of this marriage there are three daughters. It would therefore seem that by some strange irony of fate the crown and splendid domains of Luxembourg may at some future time revert to the Dutch crown, whence they were separated on the accession of Queen Wilhelmina in 1890; for, whilst a woman may reign in Holland, she cannot do so in Luxembourg. During the seven years of the grand duke's reign he has done much to embellish his quaint capital of Luxembourg, which had been so sadly neglected by the Dutch kings; and the Luxemburgers, who have little in common with the Dutch, are charmed at having their own sovereign and being an "independent nation."

DR. LYMAN'S NOOSE.

New Fangled Contrivance That Does Away with the Hangman's Knot and Cannot Slip.

Dr. Albert B. Lyman, of Baltimore, is the inventor of a contrivance for hanging criminals which he claims will not fail to break the neck, says the News of that city. The number of instances in which the culprit dies a slow death from strangulation are well known, and the device, a cat of which is here published, has worked admirably on dolls and manikins. The contrivance does away with the hangman's knot and cannot slip. A bar of steel, curved to the shape of the back of a



DR. LYMAN'S NOOSE.
(A New Contrivance for Hanging American Criminals.)

human neck, has ropes leading to the center of the inside of the curve, which pass through a hole in the middle of the bar. By pulling the ropes out a few inches and crossing them one over the other a perfect noose is made, easy in slip, but when once attached rigid in its action. Dr. Lyman would have the condemned stand on a low platform, with no drop, and the other end of the rope attached to a weight heavier than the criminal. When all is ready the weight is dropped from a shelf and plunges heavily to the ground, jerking the criminal in the air with such force as to surely break his neck with the doctor's device. Having reached the zenith of its flight the body would as speedily descend, the neck being thus given another killing wrench, which would certainly cause a fracture if the first movement failed.

Fire Squad on Bicycles.

The commissioners of the District of Columbia have decided to equip the fire department with 40 bicycles and have firemen designated to use them. These firemen will be provided with small fire extinguishing outfits for small fires. By this provision the police will be enabled to ring an alarm on the slightest indications of a fire, and the bicycle squad will reach the scene quicker than the big engines.

ONCE KEPT TAVERN.

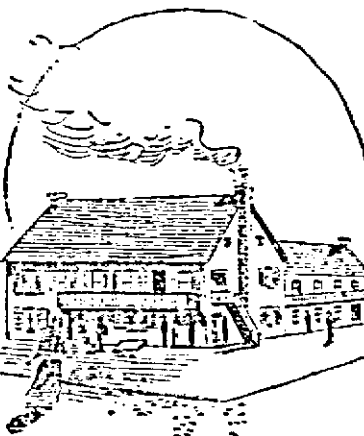
Henry Clay's Mother as the Head of a Kentucky Inn.

Her Going to the Blue Grass State from Virginia a Factor in History—Frequently Visited by Her Distinguished Son.

Nothing, probably, is more interesting to the student of history than to trace the obscure causes which have led to great events. Comparatively few people now living know that the mother of Henry Clay once "kept tavern" in Versailles, Ky., and fewer still that had this not been the case Clay probably would not have come to Kentucky at all. What a change this might have been in American history! How important, then, was the journey that Henry Watkins and his wife, Elizabeth Clay Watkins, made through the wilderness 160 years ago!

The Watkins family arrived in Versailles about the close of the eighteenth century, bringing with them quite a retinue of slaves. It may be said here that there is little foundation for the popular idea that Henry Clay's boyhood was spent in an atmosphere of poverty, obscurity and absolute want. The mother of the "Mill Boy of the Slashes," Elizabeth Hudson, was a member of a wealthy Virginia family, and in wedding Rev. John Clay, after whose death she married Henry Watkins, she married into a family of equal prominence with her own. The Clays and Hudsons, according to local traditions, lived in the rather gorgeous style of the Virginia gentry, and if Rev. John Clay was poor, it was no doubt due to the devastation wrought by the revolutionary war. It is extremely unlikely that his poverty could have been so great as the story books would have one believe.

Henry Clay, says the Chicago Tribune, did not accompany his mother and stepfather to Kentucky, but remained in Richmond, as deputy in the clerk's office, and engaged in prosecuting his legal studies. The Watkinses shortly took charge of the only hostelry in Ver-



THE OLD WATKINS TAVERN.
(A Kentucky Inn Once Managed by Henry Clay's Mother.)

saillies, and "Watkins' Tavern" became famous in the surrounding country. They had a two-story stone house built at Main street and Court square, by Henry Metcalfe, at that time a stone-mason and afterwards governor of Kentucky.

Such places were a sort of political headquarters and a rendezvous for the discussion of the news of the day, at a time when news traveled only by stage coach. The Marshalls, the Crittendens, the Blackburns, the Clays, the Watkinses and other prominent men no doubt planned campaigns at "Watkins' Tavern," and there Gen. Lafayette was entertained in 1826.

Mrs. Clay-Watkins was an unusually attractive woman. While not a beauty, she was comely, with dark hair and eyes and rosy cheeks. Her manners were engaging and she was a most entertaining conversationalist. She had a well rounded and shapely figure, and possessed great vigor of mind and body. Her first husband, Rev. John Clay, evidently realized fully his wife's charms, for, in making his will, he more than once gave directions "in case my beloved wife should intermarry with this and then." And sure enough, at 23, the mother of nine children, she married Mr. Henry Watkins, "an elegant and accomplished gentleman" of 23, for whom she afterwards bore seven children.

She is reputed to have been a noble woman, much revered by those who knew her well, and with striking individuality and an imperious will.

Henry Clay's visits to his mother after her removal to Kentucky were as regular as the seasons. He spent considerable part of every summer in Versailles, and was a familiar figure on the streets of the village. He removed to Kentucky and located in Lexington in 1797. After the death of his mother he was frequently here to visit his step-sister, Mrs. Blackburn.

As a young man Henry Clay was much esteemed in this community, many of the friends of his youth becoming his staunch supporters when he had risen to exalted eminence as a statesman.

About the year 1815 the Watkinses gave up their tavern in Versailles and settled upon a farm, which they owned, three miles south of town. There Mrs. Watkins died in 1822 at the age of 50 years. Her remains were buried in a country graveyard close by, and rested there until 1851, when they were removed to Lexington by her son Henry.

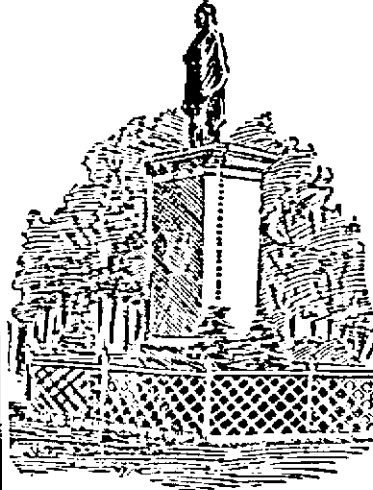
Albert Edward's Uniforms.

There are 17 British naval and military uniforms in which the prince of Wales may appear. He has also four foreign uniforms—namely, as honorary colonel of the Fifth Pomeranian (Bluecher) Hussars, the Twelfth Austro-Hungarian Hussars, the Kiess regiment of Russian dragoons, and the First Prussian regiment of dragoon guards.

GOOD JOKE ON DEWEY.

Bronze Statue Captured at Cavite as a Relic of His Campaign Proved to Be Wood.

When Admiral George Dewey captured Cavite one of the first things to take his attention on going ashore was the statue of a Spanish explorer named Elcano, in the center of one of the large squares of the city. After examining it closely it occurred to him that it would be just the thing to send home to Washington as a relic of the city he had just taken. He had already pictured how well the souvenir would look when placed on the lawn in front of



MONUMENT OF ELCANO.
(Sent to Washington by Orders of Admiral Dewey.)

one of the fine government buildings at the national capital. It pleased him, and he then and there resolved that he would have it.

Accordingly, the next day he sent ashore half of the company of the Olympia with derricks and other hoisting apparatus, with instructions to take down the statue and prepare it for shipment to America. The statue stood 20 feet high, on the top of a splendid pedestal inclosed by a neat iron fence. The admiral had told the men to be very careful not to damage the fine bronze figure in taking it down, explaining how anxious he was to keep it intact as a prize of the Philippines campaign. The derricks were immense affairs, intended to lift many tons.

The men began work, and were surprised to see with what ease it was lifted, and only when it had been lowered to the ground did they discover that instead of being metal it was nothing but an old and partly rotted wooden statue, painted a bronze color. Admiral Dewey was disgusted when informed of this fact, and was tempted to send it home at all. He finally decided to ship it to Washington. This is said to be the first time the admiral was fooled during his campaign on the Atlantic station; but, nevertheless, it is a standing joke on Dewey among the soldiers and marines in the Philippines.

PROF. SIMON NEWCOMB.

Famous American Scholar Just Elected President of the New Astronomical Society.

Simon Newcomb, who has just been chosen president of the newly organized Astronomical and Astrophysical Society of America, is reputed to be the greatest astronomer in the world. His tables of the planets is one of the most conspicuous astronomical works on record and has been adopted in the naval almanacs of Europe and America. In recognition of this work he has received gifts from royalty and decorations from leading universities and societies of learned men in every part



PROF. SIMON NEWCOMB.
(President of the Astronomical and Astrophysical Society.)

of the world. In 1874 he was awarded the gold medal of the Royal Astronomical society; in 1875 the University of Leyden presented him the Huygens great gold medal, which is awarded once in 20 years; in 1890 the Copley medal was sent to him by the Royal society of England. Degrees have been bestowed upon him by the leading universities of Europe and America. He is senior professor of mathematics and astronomy at Johns Hopkins university. He was born in Nova Scotia March 12, 1835. He received an appointment in 1857 as computer on "The Nautical Almanac," then published at Cambridge, Mass., and attended the Lawrence Scientific school. He became professor of mathematics in the United States navy in 1861, being assigned to duty in the naval observatory in Washington. He devoted his attention to astronomy and made that his profession. He has been a member of many astronomical commissions. He has been president of the American Society for Physical Research and vice president of the National Academy of Science. Prof. Newcomb has given much time and thought to political economy, and is the author of several books on that subject, as well as on mathematics and astronomy.

WISCONSIN STATE NEWS.

Colony Started.

A colony which has just located at Shell Lake has organized under the lead of the Christian Social association, and has in its articles of association the following clauses:

To prevent an individual getting rich or poor. To engage in agriculture, manufacturing and mercantile business on the cooperative plan. To promote the Christian training and education of all its members. To take care of all members who are sick or suffering. Any person over 21 years of age, regardless of sex, of good moral character, believing in the possibility of the erection of God's kingdom on earth and trying to love his neighbor as himself, may become a member.

Three Children Perish.

At the house of Joe Shawano at Kasick, five miles north of Keshena, on the Indian reservation, a three-year-old child of an Indian named Komankin, aged four and six years, were burned to death. They were in the house alone and playing when they in some way set fire to the building and could not be rescued.

Preferred Death.

Fearing the horrors, as she imagined, of an insane asylum, Mrs. Louis Hammit committed suicide in Rensselaer by drinking sulphuric acid. The day before she had been adjudged insane. In a letter found after her death she said she was aware of her mental condition and that in case she was ever ordered to an asylum she would destroy herself.

Appointed Judge.

Gov. Scofield has appointed Attorney O. T. Williams, of Milwaukee, to be judge of the superior court of Milwaukee county. He succeeds Judge Sutherland, who died of apoplexy recently at the Clifton hotel in Chicago while on his way home from Europe. Judge Williams is a graduate of Lawrence university at Appleton.

Killed by an Officer.

Gustave Danke was shot and killed in Watertown by Policeman Lucius Bruegger in self defense. Danke was one of a disorderly crowd. The policeman demanded order, whereupon he was assaulted with a coupling pin. Bruegger was in a precarious condition and would probably die.

The Iron Brigade.

The sixteenth annual reunion of the Iron Brigade association was held in Racine and officers were chosen as follows: President, Gen. Edward S. Bragg; Ford du Lac secretary, George L. Smith, Racine; treasurer, Otto Schorer, Milwaukee; chaplain, S. W. Easton, Roscoe, Ill.

Crop Conditions.

The weekly crop report says for Wisconsin:

Killing frosts in northern and central portions, and light frosts in southern sections, did little damage to very late corn and late potatoes, but bulk of crop fully matured and sustained no injury; cranberries beginning to ripen; crop heavy, quality excellent; rain needed for plowing and for winter grain.

Cooperative Colony.

A colony of about 75 families from the vicinity of Butterfield, Minn., mostly Germans, have purchased 2,200 acres of land on the Omaha railway a few miles east of Shell Lake. It will be called the "Christian Social Organization," and all lands will be held in common.

The News Condensed.

The post office at Elvers, Dane county, has been discontinued.

Gov. Scofield has appointed Harry D. Boston, of Stevens Point, coroner of Portage county, to succeed Paul Koettger, resigned.

Adam Spangler, a pioneer citizen of Jefferson, died at the age of 67 years. He was at different times assessor, treasurer, fire chief and mayor.

Rev. F. H. Wright, of Sparta, will go to Rome to take charge of the Methodist book department and of other interests of the church in Italy.

A reward of \$200 has been offered by Gov. Scofield for the arrest of the murderer or murderers of Patrick Mulchrone, who was robbed and killed at his home in Franklin, Vernon county, August 25.

The fiftieth annual fair of the Walworth County association was held in Elkhorn.

The remains of an Indian, buried many years ago, were dug up while excavating for a cellar under the Marinette house in Marinette.

The receipts of the state fair will aggregate about \$24,000 and the expenses about \$10,000 less.

Elwin Luessen, a well-known and popular young man, was killed in Oshkosh by a live wire while repairing the roof of a building in which a social club, of which he is a member, is located.

John D. Roberts died in Beloit after an illness of several weeks, aged 60. He was one of the most prominent of the Welsh residents of Waukesha county.

Martin L. Reed, aged 50, residing near Pigeon Falls, pleaded guilty in Trempealeau on the charge of criminal assault upon his 12-year-old daughter and was sentenced to 2½ years at Waupun.

The large lumber and grain warehouse belonging to John Young was burned in Muscola with a large amount of grain and flour.

The recruiting office of the regular army closed at Portage with six enlistments.

J. J. McDonnell, an old resident, was killed on the street in Montello. His horse ran away and he was thrown violently to the ground.

F. W. Alex, instructor in fencing and teacher of languages, committed suicide in Racine by shooting himself while despondent.

Thieves drove up to a granary in Apple Creek and stole a wagon load of wheat and oats belonging to Karl Krueger, getting away without being detected.

DON'T LOOK FOR WAR.

President Kruger Thinks Peaceful Settlement Will Be Made of the Transvaal Trouble.

Cape Town, Sept. 23.—Writing to an intimate friend here, President Kruger says: "Things are serious and will become graver, but a peaceful settlement will be attained."

London, Sept. 23.—The Cape Town correspondent of the Daily Chronicle says: "I have the best authority for the statement that the Orange Free State had unanimously resolved to assist the Transvaal against British aggression."

Pretoria, Sept. 23.—Large numbers of local Danes, Germans, Frenchmen, Hollanders and Americans have offered their services to Commandant General Louart in the event of hostilities.

St. Petersburg, Sept. 23.—Believing that war between Great Britain and the Transvaal is imminent, most of the Russian newspapers make no attempt to conceal their sympathy with the Boers.

London, Sept. 23.—The cabinet has been summoned to meet next Friday. There are no new developments in the South African situation, and all the news this morning seems to indicate that both sides are waiting for the next move. Over 50,000 persons assembled in Trafalgar square yesterday and cheered for war with the Boers.

STRUGGLE IN A BANK.

Cashier Attacked and Mortally Wounded—His Assistant Captured—Latter Shot and May Die.

Chicago, Sept. 21.—Fred J. Filbert, cashier of the Bank of Palestine, at Palestine, a few miles northwest of Chicago, was mortally wounded Wednesday by having his skull crushed with a hammer. His assailant, who gives his name as Walter Lawton, and who presumably entered the bank for purposes of robbery, was shot through the intestines, presumably by the accidental discharge of his own revolver, and will probably die. Henry Plagge, a farmer, aged 62, who went to the rescue of Filbert, was severely beaten with the same hammer which had been used on the cashier.

Chicago, Sept. 22.—Walter Lawton, the assailant of Cashier Filbert of the Palestine bank, died Thursday morning at the Alvan Brothers' hospital. He maintained to the last that the assault was made in revenge and not for the purpose of robbery, as is generally believed by the citizens of Palestine.

TRAGEDY ON A STAGE.

The Leading Lady of a Company Shoots and Kills the Leading Man in Chattanooga, Tenn.

Chattanooga, Tenn., Sept. 23.—Julia Morrison, leading lady of the "Mr. Plaster of Paris" farce comedy, shot and killed Frank Liden, stage manager and leading man of the company, at the opera house on the stage just before the curtain rose for the performance to begin. The woman was arrested and taken to the city jail. It appears that the two had quarreled over the woman's alleged bad acting, Liden accusing her of being but an amateur. The woman claims that Liden repeatedly insulted her; that he had made improper proposals to her, and in self-defense she shot him.

ON THE DIAMOND.

Standing of the Clubs in the National League in Their Race for the Championship.

The following table shows the number of games won and lost and the percentages of the clubs of the National league to date:

Clubs.	Won.	Lost.	Per cent.
Brockton	11	10	.524
Indianapolis	11	10	.524
Houston	11	10	.524
Baltimore	11	10	.524
St. Louis	11	10	.524
Chicago	11	10	.524
Cleveland	11	10	.524
Pittsburgh	11	10	.524
New York	11	10	.524
Washington	11	10	.524
Cleveland	11	10	.524

Revenue Collections.

Washington, Sept. 21.—The monthly statement of the collections of internal revenue shows that for the month of August the receipts from all sources amounted to \$24,425,000, an increase as compared with August last year of \$1,249,125.

THE MARKETS.

New York, Sept. 23.		
LIVE STOCK—Cattle	11.75	11.75
Hogs	11.75	11.75
Sheep	11.75	11.75
WHEAT—No. 1 Red	1.15	1.15
WHEAT—No. 2 Red	1.10	1.10
WHEAT—No. 3 Red	1.05	1.05
WHEAT—No. 4 Red	1.00	1.00
WHEAT—No. 5 Red	0.95	0.95
WHEAT—No. 6 Red	0.90	0.90
WHEAT—No. 7 Red	0.85	0.85
WHEAT—No. 8 Red	0.80	0.80
WHEAT—No. 9 Red	0.75	0.75
WHEAT—No. 10 Red	0.70	0.70
WHEAT—No. 11 Red	0.65	0.65
WHEAT—No. 12 Red	0.60	0.60
WHEAT—No. 13 Red	0.55	0.55
WHEAT—No. 14 Red	0.50	0.50
WHEAT—No. 15 Red	0.45	0.45
WHEAT—No. 16 Red	0.40	0.40
WHEAT—No. 17 Red	0.35	0.35
WHEAT—No. 18 Red	0.30	0.30
WHEAT—No. 19 Red	0.25	0.25
WHEAT—No. 20 Red	0.20	0.20
WHEAT—No. 21 Red	0.15	0.15
WHEAT—No. 22 Red	0.10	0.10
WHEAT—No. 23 Red	0.05	0.05
WHEAT—No. 24 Red	0.00	0.00
WHEAT—No. 25 Red	0.00	0.00
WHEAT—No. 26 Red	0.00	0.00
WHEAT—No. 27 Red	0.00	0.00
WHEAT—No. 28 Red	0.00	0.00
WHEAT—No. 29 Red	0.00	0.00
WHEAT—No. 30 Red	0.00	0.00
WHEAT—No. 31 Red	0.00	0.00
WHEAT—No. 32 Red	0.00	0.00
WHEAT—No. 33 Red	0.00	0.00
WHEAT—No. 34 Red	0.00	0.00
WHEAT—No. 35 Red	0.00	0.00
WHEAT—No. 36 Red	0.00	0.00
WHEAT—No. 37 Red	0.00	0.00
WHEAT—No. 38 Red	0.00	0.00
WHEAT—No. 39 Red	0.00	0.00
WHEAT—No. 40 Red	0.00	0.00
WHEAT—No. 41 Red	0.00	0.00
WHEAT—No. 42 Red	0.00	0.00
WHEAT—No. 43 Red	0.00	0.00
WHEAT—No. 44 Red	0.00	0.00
WHEAT—No. 45 Red	0.00	0.00
WHEAT—No. 46 Red	0.00	0.00
WHEAT—No. 47 Red	0.00	0.00
WHEAT—No. 48 Red	0.00	0.00
WHEAT—No. 49 Red	0.00	0.00
WHEAT—No. 50 Red	0.00	0.00
WHEAT—No. 51 Red	0.00	0.00
WHEAT—No. 52 Red	0.00	0.00
WHEAT—No. 53 Red	0.00	0.00
WHEAT—No. 54 Red	0.00	0.00
WHEAT—No. 55 Red	0.00	0.00
WHEAT—No. 56 Red	0.00	0.00
WHEAT—No. 57 Red	0.00	0.00
WHEAT—No. 58 Red	0.00	0.00
WHEAT—No. 59 Red	0.00	0.00

W. C. OGDEN, Editor.

As time passes we are often called upon to chronicle the death of some unexpected one, and while it is ever a sad duty, in this case it is particularly so. The community was startled Tuesday afternoon when the word was passed around that Mrs. Felix Dolan had swallowed a quantity of carbolic acid, and was dying. The unfortunate lady had but just returned from Oshkosh, where she had been for a month being treated at the Northern Hospital for temporary insanity. She wrote Mr. Dolan Sunday, requesting him to come and take her home, assuring him that she was perfectly well. He went to Oshkosh Monday and they arrived here together Tuesday morning on the 4 o'clock train. Mr. Dolan went to his room soon after arriving at his home, for the purpose of getting a little rest, and Mrs. Dolan remained with the children and Mrs. Smith, who had looked after the home during her absence. About 8 o'clock she asked Mrs. Smith for some carbolic acid, saying she had been using it at the hospital. There was none in the house, and Mrs. Smith, after first being assured by a physician that it would be right, procured a two ounce bottle of the acid and returned. She gave her

what was necessary, then took the bottle and placed it on a high shelf in a closet, underneath a quantity of bedding and announced it was safe.

Soon after this Mrs. Dolan went up stairs, supposedly to lie down. At the noon hour Mrs. Smith went to call her to dinner, and found her lying in a dying condition—the

empty carboic acid bottle at her side telling its own story. Physicians were quickly summoned, but to no purpose. She remained in this state until she died in the morning.

Elizabeth O'Brien was the only child of John O'Brien, a respected

resident of the Town of Pelican. She was born at Rudd's Mills, Wis. Jan. 1, 1871, and when a young child her parents moved to Bruce, this state, where her mother died when

she was but 9 years of age. In May 1888, she came to Rhindander with her father, and this place has been her home since. She was married

to Mr. Dolan Jan. 1, 1891. Five children were born to the now deceased lady, four of whom are left to comfort the husband in his great loss.

Mrs. Dolan was a lady of kind and

x. affectionate disposition, and held the respect of all her acquaintances. She was devoted to her home life.

was devoted to her home and the comforts of her family, and did everything she could to make it about her happy and contented all times. Her taking away has left a vacancy in the little family circle that will be mourned by the bereaved.

ones to the end of time. The entire community joins in extending sympathy to the husband and father of the dead lady.

the Catholic church Friday morning with interment in the Catholic cemetery. It is expected that Father Salle, of Antigo, will conduct the

A Word to Mothers.
Mothers of children affected with croup or a severe cold need not be

state to administer Chamberlain Cough Remedy. It contains no opium nor narcotic in any form and may be given as confidently to the babe as to the adult. The great success of

to an adult. The great success that has attended its use in the treatment of colds and croup has won for it approval and praise it has received throughout the United States and

many foreign lands. For sale
Anderle & Hinman.

In Memorium.

Charles A. Newton, a member of the Ballingham Lodge, 1 O. G. F. has

his
ring
sun-
Birmingham lodge, 1107 G. H., passed
away in death on Tuesday, Aug.
29, 1890, at 6:20 p. m., after on
few days' illness. He had lived
twenty-one years and two months.

and was in the prime of young manhood. It was our hope that he might live to be a good old age and spend his years as a useful member of our order, but with our char-

draped in mourning and he bowed in sorrow. It only remains for us to respectfully commit his body to the tomb and his spirit to whatever goes. We shall miss

who gave it. We shall miss
cheerful presence at our meetings
will gratefully treasure his memory
in our hearts as a brother beloved.
To his parents and the other

bers of the family we extend strong sympathy and express the hope that they may be comforted at this time of affliction and tread the path of a happy meeting in the hereafter.

REV. A. ROGERS
FRED. E. PROUT
CHETTA HANSON

Jury List.

Following are the names of

persons drawn to serve as Jurors at the next General Term of the Circuit Court for Onondaga County, said term commencing on the 25th day of September next.

price	Monday In October, to-wit: Oc 9th, 1899:
Wls.	1. Thomas Hummel, Town of Sugar 2. James Telle, 5th ward, Ebine 3. A. W. Connors, Three

4. Mats. Benson.....2nd ward, Fair
5. James M. Kernan, 6th " "
6. George Hall.....Third
7. A. J. Wilson.....6th ward, Fair
8. S. G. Tuttle.....4th " "
9. Charles Cannon.....Toward

10.	G. L. Newton.....	6th ward, Elm
11.	J. J. Lyons.....	Town of N
12.	Wm. Pershon.....	Town of Sugar
13.	George Marshall.....	W
14.	George A. Chase, 2nd ward, Elm	
15.	Ed. Keeler.....	Town of S

16.	J. F. Mulvaney	Fifth ward, Chin
17.	Frank Leiby	Fifth ward, Chin
18.	Andrew Hanson	Third ward, Chin
19.	F. F. Barnes	Fifth ward, Chin
20.	J. C. Wilson	11th ward, Chin
21.	Charles Kibben	25th ward, Chin
22.	William G. Smith	25th ward, Chin

22.	William Wilson.....	5th ward, Third
23.	George W. Deere.....	5th ward, Third
24.	Frank Giesle.....	Police
25.	W. A. Clark.....	5th ward, Third
26.	H. C. Cook.....	5th ward, Third
27.	Edward Gratton.....	Third
28.	Frank Giesle.....	5th ward, Third

28.	H. A. Barber,	6th	"
29.	George A. Ames,		Town of
30.	F. N. Chiquars,	3rd ward,	Edin
31.	J. J. Gibson,	2nd	"
32.	P. H. Madsen,	3rd	"
33.	R. L. Collier,		Town of

fellow
 nearly
 fever
 sold

23. Richard Reed, 5th ward, Ellis
 25. L. Germal, 1st " "
 Dated Rhineclamber, Wis., Sept. 25,
 E. C. STURDEVANT,
 Clerk of Circuit Court
 Oneida County


1. *Journal of the American Medical Association*, 1997; 277: 1033-1036.

It has set the standard of quality for all competitors for the last thirty years. The strongest claim any competitor can make is that his coffee is "just as good as Arbuckles'."

**The best Coffee is Arbuckles'. The only Coffee to buy is Arbuckles'.
The right thing is to insist on having Arbuckles'.**

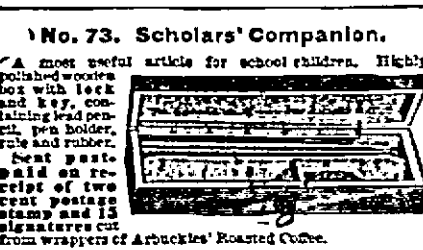
No. 72. A School Bag.

11 inches wide, 18 inches deep, made of handsome colored printing. Sent post-paid on receipt of 2 cent postage stamp and 10 signatures cut from wrappers of Arbuckle's Roasted Coffee.



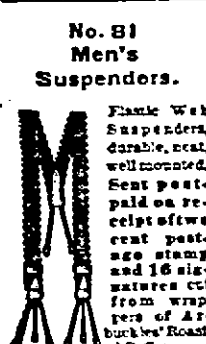
No. 73. Scholars' Companion.

A most useful article for school children. Highly polished wooden box with lock and key, containing two-cent pen holder, ruler and rubber. Sent post-paid on receipt of two-cent postage stamp and 10 signatures cut from wrappers of Arbuckle's Roasted Coffee.




No. 81 Men's Suspenders.

Flaming Web Suspenders, durable, neat, well connected. Sent post-paid on receipt of two-cent postage stamp and 10 signatures cut from wrappers of Arbuckle's Roasted Coffee.




No. 82 Barber Swing Strip.

A double strip, one of leather and one of canvas, bound together. Length, 24 inches, with two inches trimmings nickel plated. Sent post-paid on receipt of two-cent postage stamp and 10 signatures cut from wrappers of Arbuckle's Roasted Coffee.




No. 92 The First Kiss.

A beautiful imported picture 1 1/2 x 2 1/2 inches in size. Sent post-paid on receipt of 2 cent postage stamp and 10 signatures cut from wrappers of Arbuckle's Roasted Coffee.





No. 93 Two Is Company.

The original was painted by Percy Moran. This reproduction in its printing is a genuine work of art. Sent post-paid on receipt of two-cent postage stamp and 10 signatures cut from wrappers of Arbuckle's Roasted Coffee.




No. 97. Eighty-one Gold Eyed Needles.

Put up in a pretty metal case, assorted sizes, and made by the best English manufacturers. Sent post-paid on receipt of 2 cent postage stamp and 20 signatures cut from wrappers of Arbuckle's Roasted Coffee.


No. 74. Noiseless Spring Tape Measure.

Sixty inches long, nickel-plated, and coiled. It can be carried in the vest pocket. Sent post-paid on receipt of 2 cent postage stamp and 10 signatures cut from wrappers of Arbuckle's Roasted Coffee.



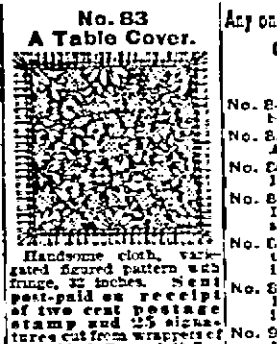
No. 75. A Fifty Foot Measuring Tape.

A very useful article in the house, brilliant on the farm. Brass case, nickel-plated, 5 feet long. Sent post-paid on receipt of 2 cent postage stamp and 10 signatures cut from wrappers of Arbuckle's Roasted Coffee.




No. 83 A Table Cover.

Handsome cloth, variegated figured pattern with fringe. Sent post-paid on receipt of two-cent postage stamp and 10 signatures cut from wrappers of Arbuckle's Roasted Coffee.




No. 94. A Basket of Beauties.

A magnificent picture of flowers by Paul de Laage, the great painter of flowers. We believe this to be one of the hand-merest.



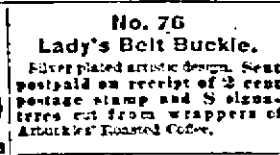
No. 98 Hair Pin Cabinet.

A metal box embossed in colors, containing One Hundred Hair Pins, of every size and style, straight, crimped, or wavy. The different styles are arranged in alphabetical order. Sent post-paid on receipt of 2 cent postage stamp and 10 signatures cut from wrappers of Arbuckle's Roasted Coffee.




No. 76 Lady's Belt Buckle.

Ever-placed artistic design. Sent post-paid on receipt of 2 cent postage stamp and 5 signatures cut from wrappers of Arbuckle's Roasted Coffee.



No. 77. Telescope Drinking Cup.

This article is prevented from falling apart by hydraulic compression. Nickel-plated and highly finished. It is used in restaurants and is the largest that an ordinary man can hold when telescoped. When extended it holds as much as a coffee cup. Sent post-paid on receipt of 2 cent postage stamp and 10 signatures cut from wrappers of Arbuckle's Roasted Coffee.

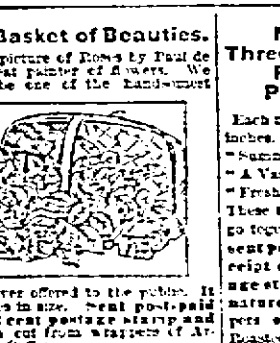


No. 84 A ONE NIGHT MYSTERY.

and two other great Detective Stories, by "OLD PEN" J. C. H. No. 85 ADVENTURES OF A PASHFUL DACHELOR, by CLARA ARTHUR. A much more story. No. 86 TEMPEST AND SUNSHINE. A Novel by Mrs. Mary J. Hoffman. The most popular female writer of fiction of the age. No. 87 THE SUNNYSIDE COOK BOOK, by Mrs. JENNIE HALLAM. This is one of the most comprehensive, common sense Cook books ever published. No. 88 OLD SECRETS AND NEW DISCOVERIES. This book takes the reader into the temple of knowledge, and will be found both entertaining and useful. No. 89 THREE THOUSAND THINGS A Man's Universal Assistant. This book is a key to a great store of knowledge in condensed form. No. 90 THE CITY OF DREADFUL NIGHT, and other stories—by RICHARD KIPPLING.

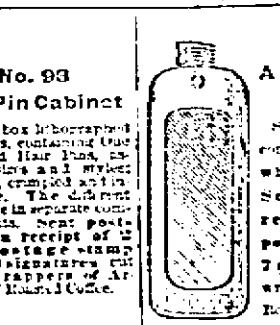
No. 95 Three Beautiful Flower Pictures.

Each measuring 9 1/2 x 11 inches. The titles are "Summer Fragrance," "A Vase of Lilies," and "Fruit and Sweet." These three pictures all go together, and will be sent post-paid on receipt of 2 cent postage stamp and 5 signatures cut from wrappers of Arbuckle's Roasted Coffee.



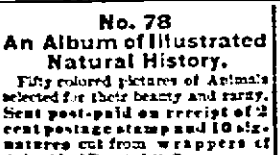
No. 99 A Pocket Mirror and Comb.

Set in neat leather combination case, with white metal frame. Sent post-paid on receipt of 2 cent postage stamp and 5 signatures cut from wrappers of Arbuckle's Roasted Coffee.




No. 78 An Album of Illustrated Natural History.

Fifty colored pictures of Animals selected for their beauty and rarity. Sent post-paid on receipt of 2 cent postage stamp and 10 signatures cut from wrappers of Arbuckle's Roasted Coffee.



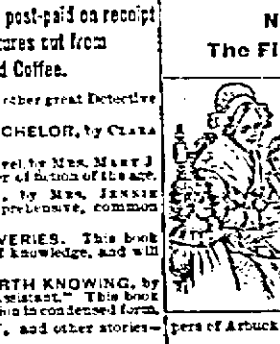
No. 79. Pepper and Salt Holders.

Made of German Silver without seam or joint except where tops are screwed on. Sent post-paid on receipt of 2 cent postage stamp and 10 signatures cut from wrappers of Arbuckle's Roasted Coffee.



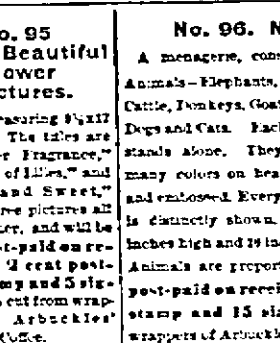
No. 91 The First Prayer.

A beautiful imported picture 1 1/2 x 2 1/2 inches in size. Sent post-paid on receipt of 2 cent postage stamp and 10 signatures cut from wrappers of Arbuckle's Roasted Coffee.



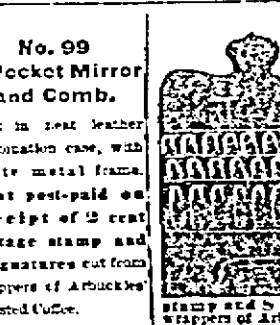
No. 96. Noah's Ark.

A menagerie, consisting of 12 pairs of Animals—Elephants, Camels, Deer, Horses, Cattle, Donkeys, Goats, Lions, Bears, Tigers, Dogs and Cats. Each pair is depicted standing alone. They are lithographed in many colors on heavy cardboard, and are embossed. Every feature of the Animals is accurately shown. The elephants are 14 inches high and 19 inches long, and the Camels are proportionately large. Sent post-paid on receipt of 2 cent postage stamp and 15 signatures cut from wrappers of Arbuckle's Roasted Coffee.




No. 100 Safest Pin Box.

Contains twenty-nickel-plated pins of three sizes, which can be secured at any time. Sent post-paid on receipt of 2 cent postage stamp and 5 signatures cut from wrappers of Arbuckle's Roasted Coffee.



No. 80 A Spring Balance Scale.


Will weigh from one ounce to 10 pounds. Sent post-paid on receipt of 2 cent postage stamp and 10 signatures cut from wrappers of Arbuckle's Roasted Coffee.



This is a picture of the Signature on Arbuckle's Roasted Coffee Wrapper, which you are to cut out and send to us as a voucher.

No other part of the Coffee Wrapper will be accepted as a voucher, nor will this Picture be accepted as such.

Address all communications to ARBUCKLE BROS., NOTION DEPT., NEW YORK CITY, N. Y.



SOME OF OUR SIGNATURES ARE PRINTED ON RED BACKGROUND.

This represents one page of a List which is found in each pound package of Arbuckle's Roasted Coffee, and with each package in which the List is found the purchaser receives a definite part of some article to be selected by him or from the List, subject only to the condition that the signature on the package is to be cut out and returned to Arbuckle Bros. as a voucher. In accordance with the foregoing conditions, a contribution with each item illustrated and described in this List will be kept good until May 31, 1900. Another page of this List will appear in this paper shortly.

A Farm or a Factory.
When you buy a farm or build a factory, it is natural to consider all conditions and to locate to the very best advantage. In the northern portion of Wisconsin there lies a vast stretch of undeveloped, or partially developed country, which is awaiting a settler and manufacturer to turn into productiveness and wealth. Thousands of acres of rich lands covered with fine hardwood timber are open to the settler who can obtain as much as he desires at very reasonable figures and upon easy terms. Improvements, such as school houses and roads are being pushed and ten years of progress will make an astonishing change. The earth's rich deposits of iron ore, clay, kaolin and marl, together with hardwood timber, easily supply the wants of the manufacturer and offer a fine inducement for the location of a plant or factory.

50 Men Wanted.
We want 50 men for work in the woods. Address or inquire of
FENCE RIVER LOGGING CO.,
821 North Crandon, Wis.

Very Low Rates to Fall Festivities at Chicago.
Via the North-Western Line. Excursion tickets will be sold October 2 to 9, inclusive, limited to October 14. Apply to agents Chicago & North-Western R'y.

The Best Cough Medicine. Every Bottle Warranted.
Knowing Chamberlain's Cough Remedy to be a medicine of great worth and merit and especially valuable for coughs, colds, croup and whooping cough, we will hereafter warrant every bottle bought of us and will refund the money to anyone who is not satisfied after using two thirds of a 25 or 50 cent bottle. For

THE WISCONSIN RAILWAY CO.
 running through this rich timber and
 mineral belt has opened it to the
 world by offering quick and cheap
 transit to the principal markets of
 the country.
 If you are interested, complete
 descriptions, maps and pamphlets
 will be sent upon application to W.
 T. KILLEX, Land & Industrial Com-
 missioner, Colby & Abbott Building,
 Milwaukee, Wis.
BERTON JOHNSON, G. F. A.
JAS. C. FOND, G. P. A.
 Milwaukee, Wis.

THE FIRST INSTALLMENT
—OF—
HOLIDAY GOODS
HAS ARRIVED.

Please call and see the varied assortment of toys. We have new things for your inspection, late inventions, made especially to please the little ones at home.

S. J. SEABURY,
THE HALL, BRIMFIELD, MASS.

How About School Supplies?

We carry a full line and sell them at prices you can find no fault with. When you want school supplies call on us. There's Money in it for you.

Post Office Building. **S. H. & W. H. ASHTON.**

PAUL BROWNE

INSURANCE,

Over 200 of the finest residence lots in the city and many of the best business sites for sale. Time given purchasers who intend building.

Real Estate,
Abstracts,
Loans. . .

Only Abstract of Oneida County Lands.

Money Advanced on improved real estate at 40 per cent of its value on from 1 to 5 years time. 8 to 10 per cent.

Don't Let Beer Get The Best Of You!

—Get the Best of BEER Which Is—

Rhineland Beer!

Rhineland Brewing Co.

CLARK & LENNON - Builders' and Lumbermen's Hardware.

LOCAL TIME TABLES.

Chicago & Northwestern R'y

NORTH BOUND

No. 11-Daily 3:50 A. M.

No. 17-Ashtand Mail and Express 1:30 P. M.

SOUTH BOUND

No. 4-Daily 11:22 P. M.

No. 2-Ashtand Mail and Express 11:14 A. M.

H. C. BRIDGER, AGENT.

Minneapolis, St. Paul & Sault Ste. Marie R'y

EAST BOUND.

Atlantic Limited 1:55 A. M. Daily

WEST BOUND.

Pacific Limited 1:55 A. M. Daily

Accommodation 7:00 A. M. Daily

See line trains arrive and depart from C. M. & St. Paul depot in Minneapolis and Union

Close connections for Tomahawk, Eau Claire,

Duluth, Marinette, Menomonie, Wisconsin

Stevens Point, Madison, Chicago and beyond

and all points on Wisconsin Central R'y.

For Freight, Agent.

RHINELANDER LODGE No. 212, F. & A. M.

Regular communications First and Third

Tuesdays of each month.

C. H. WOODRICK, Sec. E. C. STURDEVANT, W. M.

RHINELANDER CHAPTER No. 74, R. A. M.

Regular communications Second and Fourth

Tuesdays of each month.

A. TAYLOR, Sec. W. R. LASELLE, H. P.

FLAMBEAU LODGE No. 73, K. O. P.

Regular communications every Friday.

E. F. FISHER, K. of R. and S.

N. T. BALDWIN, C. C.

LARAWAY TENT 17, K. O. T. M.

Regular review every alternate Wednesday.

commencing August 10. Visiting Mr. Kaitchi

welcome.

C. H. HARRIS, Record Keeper.

I. O. F.

Court Juana, 1975.

Meetings at I. O. F. Hall second and

third Tuesdays of each month.

ELIAS DAVIS, C. R. S. R. STONE, R. S.

Smoke Schwarz Great Five Cent Cigar.

Sold Only at Bronson's.

241012

Mrs. E. O. Brown returned home

Saturday.

Mr. and Mrs. James Timlin were

over from Hazelhurst Monday.

Rev. L. J. Ingraham, of Elroy, will

preach in the Baptist church Sunday,

Oct. 1.

Wanted, 22 men to wear "Dutchess

Trousers" at the Cash Department

Store.

Fred McGilone, a C. & N-W R'y

brakeman, spent Sunday in Rhine-

lander.

If anyone quotes you a lower

price than the Cash Department

Store compare quality.

Mrs. Kate McIndoe is in Wausau

this week visiting relatives and

friends. She left Monday.

J. N. Keeble and Herbert Henstock

spent Wednesday at Lake Thompson.

They went out Tuesday night.

Miss Adice Trudeau arrived in

Rhineland from Merrill Saturday.

She will remain here permanently.

Mrs. Charles Raymond and baby

boy left Monday for Sparta where

she will spend several weeks with

relatives.

Miss Beatrice Barber, of Ottawa,

Ontario, is the guest of Mrs. Paul

Brown, this week. She arrived

Friday night.

Henry O'Connor returned to Green

Bay Tuesday after spending a two

weeks' outing here and at Eagle

River, his home.

J. H. Johnston, the tailor, was in

Antigo Tuesday taking orders for

winter suits and overcoats from the

business men of that city.

C. Fredrickson has placed a num-

ber of oil cloth signs in conspicuous

positions about the city. They ad-

vertise the different lines of his

business.

Ed Rogers went to Wausau Tues-

day where he bought a supply of

hardwoods for use in the manufact-

ure of sleighs and wagons in his shop

this winter.

D. F. Becker, who directs the J. H.

Queal & Co. shipments of lumber from

this point, left for Minneapolis Tues-

day night where he will spend a

week with his firm.

Orders may be left at the furniture

store of F. A. Hildebrand for monu-

ments. Photographs of handsome

stones may be seen at the store.

Prices very reasonable.

Oscar Ohlman, of Norrie, Wis., has

accepted a position in the store of

Clark & Lennon as bookkeeper. He

entered upon his duties Monday.

Mr. Ohlman is a graduate of the La

Crosse Business University.

Dave Burns, James Sullivan and

Frank Curtis, mill employees of Hazel-

hurst, were in the city last week.

Curtis & Sullivan left for Wausau

Saturday, Burns remaining here un-

til Monday when he took the train

for Arthur Village.

Thos. Loughlin, sheriff of Vilas

county, was in the city Monday. He

assisted the K. of P. boys in moving

their furniture, etc., to the new loca-

tion in the hall formerly occupied by

the F. & A. M. lodge, over the Ken-

tucky liquor store.

Henry Miner, of Pelican Lake, was

in town Monday.

Mrs. G. W. Teal, of Weyauwega,

is visiting her relatives in this city.

C. C. Yawkey, of Hazelhurst, was a

Rhineland visitor Wednesday.

Mrs. Otto Hirkholz left yesterday

for Three Lakes for a few days visit

with friends.

Mrs. Frank Goolsby and mother,

Mrs. F. M. Bates, are visiting friends

at Stevens Point.

Judge Jas. M. Harrigan and wife

went to Milwaukee Friday, where

they spent a week with friends.

Dutchess Trousers are recom-

mended as being the best made.

CASH DEPT. STORE.

Mrs. Wm. Tomelty and little son,

of Berlin, Wis., are here visiting her

parents, Mr. and Mrs. A. H. Peck.

Miss Frances Caultlett left Monday

for Fond du Lac, where she will enter

Grafton Hall and take a five years'

course.

Dr. T. H. Welch has returned from

his vacation. He has pleasant office

rooms over the clothing store of H.

Lewis.

Lost—One Jersey cow, missing

since last week. Finder will please

notify Frank Stumart, who will pay

charges.

The Ladies Aid Society of the

Congregational church will meet

with Mrs. Emmerting Wednesday

afternoon, Oct. 4.

Francis Ulrich went to Choate,

Meb., Monday, where he has accepted

a position as cook for the Oshkosh

Log & Lumber Co.

F. W. Garland, of Tomahawk, was

in the city on business Tuesday. Mr.

Garland is interested in the lumber

and cedar post industry.

Mr. and Mrs. W. M. Bemis and

children returned to their home in

Prescott, Arkansas, Friday evening,

after a visit of two weeks with Mr.

and Mrs. Paul Browne.

The ladies of Rhineland are cor-

dially invited to call and see the fine

display of fall and winter millinery at

Hamilton & Edwards Friday and

Saturday, Sept. 29 and 30.

For SALE—At a sacrifice, fifteen

(15) shares of stock in Lewis Har-

ware Company. Will sell shares

singly or wholly. For particulars

enquire of B. W. McCarey, Antigo.

The great success of Chamberlain's

Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy

in the treatment of bowel complaints

has made it standard over the

greater part of the civilized world.

For sale by Anderle & Hinman.

D. S. Johnson drove over from

Eagle River Sunday. He was ac-

companied by Mrs. Johnson and

Mrs. Dr. Sanborn, who decided to re-

main here until Tuesday, leaving D.

S. to return alone in the evening.

For wounds, burns, scalds, sores,

skin diseases, and all irritating eruptions,

nothing so soothing and healing

as DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve.

Mrs. Emma Bolles, Matron Engle-

wood Nursery, Chicago, says of it:

"When all else fails in healing our

babies, it will cure." J. J. REARDON.

Mr. and Mrs. Jas. Howe, who had

been visiting their relatives in Rhine-

lander, departed Thursday on the

Hill train for Clintonville, where

they will visit Mr. Howe's mother

and sister a few days before returning

to their home at Milwaukee.

The services at St. Augustine's

Episcopal church next Sunday will

be as follows: Holy Communion at

10:20 a. m.; Evening prayer at 7:20 p.

m.; Sunday School at 12 m. Invita-

tion is extended to all to attend these

services. C. M. HIRNCOCK, Pastor.

Kodol Dyspepsia Cure is a scientific

compound having the endorsement

of eminent physicians and the medi-

cal press. It "digests what you eat"

and positively cures dyspepsia. M.

A. Ketron, Bloomington, Tenn.,

says it cured him of indigestion of

ten years' standing. J. J. REARDON.

John Lawson came up from Osh-

kosh Saturday and spent Sunday at

the home of Dr. E. H. Keith, with

his wife and little son, who had been

visiting there for a week. John got

around during the day and saw

many of his old friends. He tried to

get up a little interest and have a

coon and dog fight, but the boys

didn't take readily to the little brown

jug.

O. A. Edwards and wife returned

Monday from a short visit with re-

latives and friends at Winneconne and

Oshkosh. On the 18th inst. Joseph

Edwards, O. A.'s father, celebrated

his 50th anniversary at his home in

Winneconne, and a number of re-

latives were present on the occasion.

Mr. Edwards and wife made the

trip on their wheels, a distance of

about three hundred miles.

Mrs. E. G. Squier, Miss Jennie Nims

and Miss Jessie Banford were Minoc-

qua visitors over Sunday.

George Clayton and H. C. Braeger

spent Sunday fishing for muskallonge

in the waters of Lake George.

Mrs. Frank Stevens and Miss Lou

Stevens left for Lac du Flambeau

last Saturday noon for a visit with

friends.

Tom Collins and Gid Young left

Sunday night for Alabama, where

they will look timber for the Alexan-

der Lumber Co., of Wausau.

George Deers left for Pelican Lake

Saturday night where he will stake

out the grounds and draw plans for

the new schoolhouse to be built for the

Town of Schoepke.

C. A. Goodyear is building a three

mile spur in Vilas county, to Sec. 5,

Town 41, Range 8, East, over which

15,000,000 feet of logs will be hauled

this winter. Camps are now being

put in for cutting the timber.

Dr. and Mrs. T. B. McIndoe and

Mr. and Mrs. H. R. Weesner enjoyed a

trip of about twelve miles down the

river Sunday, fishing as they

went, but with poor success. They

returned in the evening in a carriage.

DeWitt's Little Early Risers per-

manently cure chronic constipation,

biliousness, nervousness and worn-

out feeling; cleanse and regulate the

entire system. Small, pleasant,

never gripe or sicken—famous little

pills. J. J. REARDON.

Mike Kearns left for Delevan Mon-

day morning with his little son, Jim,

who for several months past has

been troubled with deafness resulting

from a serious brain affection. The

little fellow will attend the state

school for the deaf in that city.

E. E. Turner, Compton, Mo., was

cured of piles by DeWitt's Witch

Hazel Salve after suffering seventeen

years and trying over twenty reme-

<

THE STORY TELLER

E. R. LeFever was down in Tomahawk Lake Tuesday.

The very latest in dress trimmings at the Cash Department Store.

John E. Jackson, of Green Bay, was in Rhinelander Monday on business.

Ernest Kuehl arrived in the city Saturday for a few days' visit with his family.

Mrs. J. Ball, of Armstrong Creek, was in the city last Friday calling on her friends.

Collarettes and jackets, good stylish and cheap at the Cash Department Store.

Men's, ladies, and children's underwear in endless variety at the Cash Department Store.

Gus Swartz, ex-chief of police, Arkland, was in the city last Saturday, the guest of Pat Johnson.

We extend a cordial invitation to call and see the many bargains offered at the Cash Department Store.

Mr. and Mrs. John Pingel went to Clintonville last Friday for a few weeks' visit with relatives and friends.

WEALTH AWAITS HIM.

Romance of the Founding of Galena, Kansas.

"WANTED, at Galena, Kan., an old man, a college professor, name unknown, home unknown, missing 22 years, discoverer of the richest zinc and lead mines in the world, heir to a vast fortune." This is the strange "want ad." of certain wealthy pioneer mine owners of the Missouri-Kansas lead and zinc mining district; it is, in brief, the story of a man, a stranger, who 22 years ago came into southeastern Kansas and through a profound knowledge of geology and mineralogy divulged nature's hieroglyphics in rock and soil, "staked off" the most fertile lead and zinc fields yet discovered, designated the exact spots where lay hidden vast vaults of mineral wealth, revealed his secrets to one man—and then departed.

During the years that have passed since that "stranger" stood where the little city of Galena, Kan., has since been built over \$200,000,000 worth of lead and zinc ore has been added to the world's mineral wealth as a result of his visit to Kansas. He paved the way where by many men have become rich. He caused an uninhabited country to become the home of thousands of prosperous people, but their prosperity he never shared—he disappeared and left no sign.

The story of the stranger is both alluring and pathetic, and yet it is so faithful to facts that the Historical Society of Kansas has filed it among the important records of the state.

Col. W. H. Stone, the oldest pioneer of Galena, and one of the widest known and most successful lead and zinc mine operators in the United States, is the man to whom the "discoverer of Galena" told his geological secrets.

Col. Stone relates the following strange story of the discovery of the Kansas lead and zinc fields—fields that during the last six months have become the richest of zinc miners in every part of the world:

"In April, 1877, I, in company with several marshals and deputy marshals, came from St. Louis to southeastern Kansas in pursuit of cattle thieves who had for some time been stealing cattle belonging to the man for whom I worked at Kansas City. During this trip our little party camped for several days on the very ground where Galena has since been built. There was then not a single house for more than a mile in any direction from our camp. Joplin, Mo., seven miles to the east, was the nearest town. It was then a thriving little lead camp, but as yet no zinc had been mined there.

"One day two outlaws were discovered at Joplin, and the citizens of that place immediately gave them an urgent invitation to 'quit camp.' This invitation was accepted without ceremony, the outlaws turning their faces toward the west. They passed directly over the present site of Galena, and beyond it a short distance they made a discovery of surface lead ore. Reports of this discovery soon became noised about Joplin and people flocked to the new find in hundreds. Our camp was within sight of the main congregating place of the men as they daily came over from the Missouri camp to prospect.

"The excitement continually increased, until a thousand men, more rather than less, assembled each day on the slope below our camp. I myself became imbued with the spirit of things, and while the marshals were away in pursuit of the cattle thieves I would often join the throng of fortune hunters. It was during my second trip down the slope that I first saw the man who has figured so much in my destiny, as well as in the destinies of hundreds and thousands of others interested in the Kansas lead and zinc fields.

difference I was noticed, perhaps, more than any other man in the crowd.

"Well, among the men I saw one strange, sad face, browned by the sun, and yet intellectual in every lineament—a face full of kindness and wonderfully sad. It was the most attractive face that I had ever seen, and I dare say that even the most intellectual man in all that throng of people must instinctively have said, at first sight of it: 'Here is a wonderful character.'

"I could scarcely look away from the man—that face. He, too, seemed to look such at me, although doubtless from widely different reasons from those attracting me toward him. His hands were hardened and his clothes were such as the miners wore. His hair was dark, and yet streaked with gray. I believed him to have been a man who had seen at least 50 years of life and just as much of sorrow.

"We did not speak—we simply looked at each other.

"On the day following I was again mingling with the men—not now as a general observer with little interest in anything—I was looking for a face. After weaving in and out among the men for more than an hour I suddenly came face to face with the stranger again. I don't know why I looked for him; I don't know why he spoke to me when we met, but I do know that our meeting brought about the discovery of the richest zinc mines in the world. It caused to be written one of the most interesting and important chapters in the history of the great west.

"We sat down together, as if by common consent, although neither of us had said as yet more than 'good morning.' For a moment neither spoke. Then he inquired if I was a detective. I replied that I was not; that I was simply passing through the country on my way to Indian Territory. I asked him his name, but he pretended not to hear me. I asked him where he lived, and he looked away and began talking of the prospects of finding ore where the men were working. I was more than ever interested to know something of the stranger with whom I had met, and I made repeated attempts to ascertain his name or residence—all with the same unfruitful result.

"When he spoke of the geological formation of the place, where the greater part of the work was being done, I realized in a moment that he was a man of high culture. His language was pure and beautiful. He seemed, moreover, to be a profound scholar, especially along the line of geology. He did not try to bewilder me with long geological terms, but talked so simply about everything, and yet so learnedly, that I almost fancied that he was looking into the very ground as he spoke. As we sat there talking a great crowd gathered about us, and we became the observed of all observers. The stranger, for such I have always called him, although he proved to be a most beneficent friend to me, said that the people took us for rich mining promoters. He expressed the opinion that they were digging in the wrong place to find mineral. He seemed very positive in his views. 'Do you know,' said he, 'that this country has a regular geological formation, and that rocks and mineral are in place here just as much as they are in the great camps of the Rocky mountains? Even though mineral has been found here only in pockets, there is one law governing all the deposits, and things have not occurred here by chance, as most people suppose.'

"We separated, after talking for perhaps two hours. On the following day I met him again in the crowd, and we sat down together as before. I noticed that his eyes were red as if from weeping, and his face seemed very sad. He did not talk much, but looked away, as if to avoid my gaze. It was evident that he had sustained a great grief, and I determined to know more of his history. At this time I said but little, and he soon arose and walked away from the crowd. After awhile he returned, and this time it was quite evident that he had been weeping.

"He sat down beside me and I asked him if he had received bad news from home. At this he looked away, and made no reply. I could not get him to reveal even so much as a suggestion as to his past, excepting only as his scholarly conversation proved him to be a man of great learning.

"This is not the place to dig," he said, rather impulsively. "I know the place to dig, and it is quite a distance from here."

"Can you prove to me that this district has a regular geological formation?" I inquired. "A formation which may be traced and the location of minerals accurately determined?"

"I can," was the laconic reply.

"At this time a belief came to me that the man was trying to enthrall me with his mining talk for the sole purpose of obtaining money from me. I therefore resolved to be cautious. I asked him if he would show me where rock was in place in the district, and where I might myself trace an absolute geological formation at the surface. After studying a moment, he replied that he would.

"How much will you charge me?" I asked.

"Again he studied, turning his face away. Suddenly he arose and started to leave me. His actions were very strange. He had not gone further than three or four yards, when he turned shortly about and came back to me.

"The woods, and then, keeping out of sight of these men, we can see the rock in place. I am going to Joplin tonight, and shall return at any time that you may specify."

"I am going to Baxter Springs," I said, "and expect to return on to-morrow morning's stage."

"In the woods off sander," he said, "you will find a little deserted log cabin near the stage road. When you get to that cabin have the driver let you out. I shall conceal myself among the trees beyond and wait for you. You will find a little path leading down a ravine from the cabin. Take that path. If you are alone I shall whistle to you—if not, I shall remain quiet."

"We agreed upon this plan, and soon after separated for the night, he going to Joplin, Mo., and I to Baxter Springs, Kan.

"On the following day, as agreed, I left the stage at the lonely cabin in the woods, just to the east of where Galena has since been built. I was alone. I found the little path that the stranger had asked me to take. The woods about it were then, as now, quite dense, and I moved with some care that I might not lose the path, which seemed to be traveled but little. At last I heard a whistle, and answered it. Below me in the path stood the stranger.

"Are you afraid to go through this wood with me?" he asked, looking me directly in the eye. The idea of fear on this occasion had not before come to me, but his words seemed so queer that I rather took them as ominous of evil. I put on a bold front and replied emphatically:

"Afraid! No, why should I be afraid? I'm armed!"

"We walked on, saying nothing. I simply followed where he led. After winding about for perhaps 20 minutes, I came to the conclusion that the stranger was a fraud—that while he was very wise he was at the same time very dishonest.

"At last he paused at a large flint boulder.

"Observe this rock closely," he said; "here begins our formation. Let us go straight on to that other rock yonder."

"When we reached the second rock the stranger pointed out a third one still further on, and in direct line with the two we had just examined. We went to the third rock, and there was still a fourth, fifth and sixth beyond—all in a direct line. They were close together, almost forming a natural stone fence. The croppings were as plainly discernible as the rows of corn in a field. It was a vein in place and we traced it for half a mile.

"As we went along the stranger became greatly animated and here and there pointed out places where he was sure deposits of rich ore could be found. I designated these places by throwing up little piles of rocks, and thus we went on, he telling all the while of the possibilities of the country. He did not speak as one guessing, but as one knowing. His words carried conviction.

"We were several hours in marking the places where he was positive that mineral lay in rich deposits. When we came to the edge of the woods and looked off toward the west we saw the men at work.

"Let us not be seen together here," he said. "You go around that way (pointing toward the north) and I'll go down this little draw."

"In less than an hour we were again together in the crowd. With his help I drew a map of the land we had just visited and designated the places where he had told me to dig for ore. I paid him the five dollars, and he thanked me as if he were satisfied, although he acted with indifference when I spoke to him of money matters.

"On the following day I made arrangements to purchase 50 acres of land along the big flint vein or dike, and on the second day I again met the stranger in the crowd. I told him what I had done in regard to buying the land, and he said: 'It will make you rich. It will bring fortunes to many.' I told him that I had decided to give him an interest with me in the property. At this he turned away his head, and when he again looked at me there were tears in his eyes.

"Sir," he said, "I do not care for money. I do not even care for life itself. Once I had a home—a splendid home. I had a family—a wife and two beautiful daughters. I held the chair of geology in one of the greatest universities in America. I was a man of financial means, a man of honorable reputation, a happy man. In 24 hours I became deprived of family, home, position and honor. I became a wanderer. I have spent years in the great mines of the mountains, but my sorrow is no lighter. The land that I have pointed out to you will make you rich. Around it will be opened one of the greatest mining districts in the world. Homes will here be made for thousands of prosperous people, but I shall never share the fruits of my accumulated knowledge of geology. You have paid me five dollars for that which will some day have produced many times that many millions."

CURRENT TOPICS.

Women are not permitted to be photographed in China.

The skeleton alone of an average whale weighs 25 tons.

There are 1,500 persons upon the German emperor's list of employees.

The greatest customers the Peoria distillers have are the Japanese.

An exhibition of Canada's mineral resources is to be held at Toronto.

The rearing of silk worms gives employment to 600,000 people in Italy.

The finest shops in a Chinese city are those devoted to the sale of coffins.

A permanent exhibition of Spanish products is being established at Hayti.

In the year ended June 30, 4,746 immigrants were received at San Francisco.

The Dominion of Canada imposes a tax of \$50 on every Chinaman that enters that country.

One hundred thousand Americans have visited Europe this summer, breaking all records.

Over 100 school children in London, G. leave school between their tenth and eleventh years.

The president has authorized the organization of a company of Indians for service in the Philippines.

Ben Cleuch, the highest mountain in Scotland, will have an electric road to its summit and a sanitarium.

America has nearly 70 different languages, and this fact presents great difficulties to missionary efforts.

Irish M. Higgins, of Archeson, Kan., recently celebrated the fiftieth anniversary of her second marriage.

Vancouver city council has voted \$500 to the trades and labor council toward the labor day celebration.

Paris has a burial vault fitted with electrical appliances for the detection of recovery in cataleptic subjects.

Every boy in Germany, from the crown prince to the meanest subject, is obliged to learn some useful trade.

Owing to the large increase in business the Great Siberian railway is to be rebuilt before the line is completed.

Reports of the cotton crop of Texas, Indian Territory and Oklahoma show a decrease in the yield of 55.5 per cent.

Spain has more sunshine than any country in Europe. The yearly average is 2,000 hours. In America it is 2,100.

The Kansas bureau of immigration has shipped east samples of corn 17 feet high; also tomato stalks 7 feet high, with fruit at the top.

JOHANNESBURG is 714 miles from Port Elizabeth, 1,011 from Cape Town, 656 from East London, 435 from Durban and 196 from Delagoa bay.

The health authorities of Havana examined last year 25,447 samples of food and drinks, and made complaints in 169 per cent. of all cases.

FARMERS in Androscoggin county, Maine, complain bitterly of the injury done to their crop by the protected and rapidly-increasing deer.

At a recent meeting of the Russian Academy of Sciences, Prof. Ditts advocated the use of English as a universal language for men of science.

A SHEELIST known as the pianna in the Mediterranean has the curious power of spinning a viscid silk, which is made in Italy, into a regular fabric.

Women do the mining in Colombia. No man with any self-respect can be induced to engage in that occupation, because in Spanish times it was the work of slaves.

In the center of the plaza in Lima is a pretty bronze fountain that was erected in 1578, a gift from some noble Spaniard, and is probably the oldest fountain in America.

IRELAND bookellers are strictly forbidden to sell school children books stitched with wire, as several cases of blood poisoning have been traced to scratches from rusty wire.

One of the queerest villages known is in New Guinea, and is called Tupuselet. The houses are all supported on piles and stand out in the ocean a considerable distance from shore.

It would be difficult to imagine more extraordinary digestive powers than those of the hyena. One of these beasts has been known to swallow six large bones without crushing them.

THERE is much French and Belgian capital invested in the principal railway lines of Spain, while England owns many of the shorter lines and is also at the head of the mining interests.

The Ortiz mine grant of 54,000 acres located 20 miles south of Santa Fe, N. M., and covering the richest gold-bearing district of New Mexico, has been sold to Thomas A. Edison and a New York and London syndicate for \$3,000,000.

Col. W. L. ALLENBRIGHT, of Ohio, organizing a company with \$5,000,000 capital to build the "Missing Link railway" from Chattanooga to Wabasha, S. C., a distance of 150 miles, is in Georgia to secure a charter in that state.

A COMBINATION of glove manufacturers has been effected, with a capital stock of \$24,000,000, of which \$3,000,000 is preferred stock, representing the cash value of the properties merged, and \$21,000,000 common stock, which is to be distributed as a bonus.

The Best Man Wins.

Prize fighting may not be a pleasant subject, but it teaches a lesson nevertheless—the inability of man to hold the championship for any length of time. How unlike that great champion of health, Hostitt's Stomach Bitters, which has never been beaten, and for fifty years has met and conquered the worst cases of constipation, dyspepsia, biliousness and liver trouble. See that a private Revenue Stamp covers the neck of the bottle.

Crowded Out.

"Crowded out to make room for more interesting matter," remarked the editor, as he shoved aside a plate of beans and tickled pie.—Ohio State Journal.

Do Your Feet Ache and Hurt?

Shake into your shoes Allen's Foot Ease, a powder for the feet. It makes tight shoes comfortable. Cures Corns, Bunions, Swollen, Smarting, Hot, Callous, Sore, and Sensitive Feet. All Druggists and Shoe Stores sell it, 25c. Sample sent FREE. Address, Allen S. Olmsted, Le Roy, N. Y.

She—"Did you ever kiss a girl when she wasn't looking?" He—"Yes; but only once. She made me do it over again when she was looking."—Town Topics.

The best perfume on earth. Rose Pot-Pourri from American Roses. 10 cent sample vial, postage paid. L. G. Boughman, Pittsburg, N. Y.

Bill—"Did you ever know an amateur fisherman to tell the truth?" Jim—"Oh, yes; I heard one tell another that he was a liar."—Yonkers Statesman.

I have found Piso's Cure for Consumption an unfailing medicine.—F. H. Lotz, 1305 Scott St., Covington, Ky., Oct. 1, 1901.

An eczematist is a man who is unable to disguise the interest he feels in himself.—Chicago Daily News.

To Cure a Cold in One Day. Take Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets. All druggists refund money if it fails to cure. 25c.

"The Prudent Man Settles His House in Order."

His House in Order."

Your human temperament should be given even more careful attention than the house you live in. Set it in order by thoroughly renovating your whole system through blood made pure by taking Hood's Sarsaparilla. Then every organ will act promptly and regularly.

Hood's Sarsaparilla
Never Disappoints

Wanted His Record Corrected.

"You are charged with searching," said the magistrate in a stern voice. "The policeman who overhauled you says you were going at least 15 miles an hour."

"There must be some mistake about this, your honor. I was—"

"Oh, yes, of course, of course; they all claim that."

"Just, your honor," continued the bicyclist, "I am positive that I was going at least 20 miles an hour."—Ohio State Journal.

English as Written in Austria.

This curious attempt at English was copied the other day from the label of a bottle of kumel at Kitzbuhel: "This fine aromatic liquor of cumin being carefully distilled by me from exquisite green cumin must be recommended at the best as an excellent and savory hygienical middle."

N. Y. Tribune.

Preaching and Practice.

The man who invented a perfect method for the culture of the memory forgot his hat. The man who wrote a book instructing mankind how to live a hundred years died at 83. The woman who wrote a book to prove that there is no death has buried two husbands.—Christian Register.



Itching Burning Scaly Blotchy Humors
Instantly Relieved and Speedily Cured by

Cuticura

The itching and burning I suffered in my feet and limbs for three years were terrible. At night they were worse and would keep me awake a greater part of the night. I consulted doctor after doctor, as I was travelling on the road most of my time, also one of our city doctors. None of the doctors knew what the trouble was. I got a lot of the different samples of the medicines I had been using. I found them of so many different kinds that I concluded I would have to go to a Cincinnati hospital before I would get relief. I had frequently been urged to try CUTICURA REMEDIES, but I had no faith in them. My wife finally prevailed upon me to try them. Presto! What a change! I am now cured, and it is a permanent cure. I feel like kicking some doctor or myself for suffering three years when I could have used CUTICURA remedies.

H. JENKINS, Middleboro, Ky.

Speedy Cure Treatment

Wash the affected parts with HOT water and CUTICURA SOAP to cleanse the skin and scalp of crusts and scales, and soften the thickened cuticle. Dry, without hard rubbing, and apply CUTICURA Ointment freely, to allay itching, irritation, and inflammation, and soothe and heal, and finally take CUTICURA RESOLVENT to cool and cleanse the blood.

This sweet and wholesome treatment affords instant relief, permits rest and sleep in the severest forms of eczema and other itching, burning, and scaly humors of the skin, scalp, and blood, and points to a speedy, permanent, and economical cure when all other remedies and even the best physicians fail. Price, Ten Cents. Sold by Dr. J. C. CUTICURA, 25c. and Druggists (all sizes) 50c. Sold throughout the world. Foreign Agents and Dealers, Boston, Mass. "How to Cure Itching, Scaly Humors," mailed free.

AYER'S PILLS

Does your head ache? Pain back of your eyes? Bad taste in your mouth? It's your liver! Ayer's Pills are liver pills. They cure constipation, headache, dyspepsia, and all liver complaints. 25c. All druggists.

What your womanly face should be a beautiful bloom of pink and white. Then use BUCKINGHAM'S DYE for the Whiskers.

THE MYSTERY OF COUNT LANDRINE

BY FRED WHISHAW

Copyright 1932 by THE AMERICAN PRESS ASSOCIATION

"No, mother," I said, "I'll tell you what I think. I've come to the conclusion that those Erindos rascals have nothing whatever to do with it or with us. Their affair was merely a coincidence as regards father and his disappearance. They were there, granted, and they were up to some game which needed secrecy and even murder, but the man who divulged their secret, but the drugged man (I conclude he was drugged) or the sick man was not father. We thought we had struck a trail, but it was a false scent."

"God grant it, dear Boris," said mother, "for I cannot bear to think of your father having fallen into such hands. But why have you come to this conclusion?"

"For two reasons—one is that if these fellows had any good reason for begging father and carrying him away they would not have let him go free as they have done, and the other is that, as I have said, now father is free and we know that he is. If his silence and disappearance and all had been brought about by these people, he would certainly communicate with us. There must be another reason for his flight. These Erindos fellows had nothing to do with it."

Yet, neither I nor mother nor Percy could put forth any good theory to replace the old one, and the situation remained unchanged and the mystery unsolved. We must await further developments from the other side of the water, and trust to Boris's talent and exertions to bring light into our dark places, and this he could only do by restoring poor father to his right mind and persuading him to return to us.

I think I should have set out myself, presently, in order to see father and find out, in person, what ailed him and whether an appeal from me, and in mother's name, would restore him to reason, but a few days later we had a second and a very exciting letter from Boris.

"I have met with astonishing success since my last letter," he wrote, "though not without much patience and some personal risk."

"Personal risk!" echoed mother, interrupting me as I read aloud.

"Then those rascals are still hanging about. May God protect dear Vladimir and also this poor Boris!"

I, too, had been surprised to see the expression used—"personal risk." I continued to read the letter aloud:

"The count, at our last interview, had suddenly closed the conversation, angrily giving me to understand that he considered my last remark a liberty. He rose from the table, bowed and left the restaurant, I following a minute later. The count returned home. I saw him to his lodgings and I entered my own, which were nearly opposite, and wrote and posted my letter."

"That evening later I was surprised to see a cab drive up to the door of the count's lodging. The count himself then came out with his portmanteau, stepped into the vehicle and was driven toward Marylebone church."

"When I had recovered my breath, I seized my hat and rushed after his cab. Luckily I found a hansom at the corner. Jumping breathlessly into it, I bade the driver follow the cab at a respectful distance. So the count suspected me—heaven knows what of—and was endeavoring to escape me. He had nearly done it. What if I had been napping? I should not have had this great news to tell, that's all, and I might have lost touch with his excellence altogether."

"On drove the cab, and on I followed. Right down into Edgeware road it went and across into a street called Harrow road, and here it stopped at a small hotel. I bade my man drive a short distance farther, 100 paces or so, and then I stopped also and jumped out on the pavement, just in time to see the count disappearing with his bag into the hotel. Then I crossed the road and stood tearfully opposite the dirty little hotel, pretending to look at shop windows, but keeping a good lookout upon the door within which our good count had disappeared."

"Presently he came out, looked up and down the road and started to walk down Edgeware road and toward Hyde park. It was dark now, except for the gaslight, and I hoped to be able to follow him unobserved, for, I thought, if I had an opportunity I would speak to him where it was quiet in order to bid him not be afraid, since I wished him no harm."

"So I walked after him, he never looking back once, and so we came into the great park at the end of Edgeware road. The park was gloomy and deserted, and about half way down the middle road he suddenly turned and came toward me. I drew my hat over my eyes and hoped to pass unrecognized, for I was taken by surprise and had nothing ready to say. But, instead of going by me, he seized me roughly by the collar of my coat with his fingers in my neck and muttered through his teeth in Russian: 'Now, then, you little spying skotena. I have you, you see. You are caught this time, my man!'

"Let go," I said, half choking, 'or I'll shout for help!'

"Not I," he said; 'there's a nice little lady here, and you're going into it unless you'd prefer this!'

"He showed me a revolver in his other hand."

"Come, not a sound, now, or I'll shoot; I swear it!"

"He looked so evilly at me that my tongue froze in my mouth, and I could not have cried out if I had wished it."

"I know you," he said. "You are a government spy, and there's only one place such stuff is fit for, and that's the lake. Come; stop a moment. Open your mouth—quickly, I say."

"Half dead with terror, I opened my mouth. He instantly pushed a rolled



"Now, then, you little spying skotena," he whispered into my ear. "I tried now to call for help, but could not utter a cry. He was twice my size and strength, and with a neckerchief that he wore he tied me round the face in such a way that my mouth remained gagged. Then he took my arm and walked me toward the lake, called the Serpentine, going over grass and railings; I praying hard the while, for I thought the man was stark mad and that my last hour had come."

CHAPTER XII.

THE SUPPOSED COUNT IN DISGUISE.

"My poor Vladimir!" groaned my mother at this point of Boris's letter. "He must indeed be mad to have acted in this way. Just think of it, Boris! This violence, this murderous anger, from your dear father!"

"It is not a bit like him, I admit," I said. "He must have been furiously angry for some reason. Shall I go on? He did no harm to Boris, at any rate, for Boris is all right—vide his letter."

I continued to read:

"The count dragged me to the very shore of the lake and there stopped. I thought he would now push me in and was prepared to fight for my life, but instead he spoke:

"You deserve death unheard," he said, "but I shall allow you to speak once in your defense, but observe, speak low and do not raise your voice, or you are a dead man. I have the revolver ready; see here. Now, be warned!"

"He unfurled the gag."

"Now," he said, "explain. Why have you followed and dogged me? Are you a government spy?"

"Before heaven, no!" I exclaimed.

"Swear it!"

"I do swear it. I am not in the service of any government or body whatever, and if I am a spy, it is only for the advantage of those upon whom I am paid to keep a watch."

"Oh, then, you are paid to dog me, and by whom?"

"It is a secret," I faltered.

"Speak, by whom?" he repeated.

"The secret is not my own," I began, but the count furiously bade me speak, or I should swim, and I was obliged to admit that her excellence, the Countess Landrine, being most anxious and unhappy by reason of her husband's prolonged and unexplained absence, had employed me to find him and, if possible, to bring him back to St. Petersburg; at all events, to see him and report upon his condition."

"The count laughed aloud." (My poor mother shuddered as I read this part of the letter and cried quietly as she listened.)

"Why, what does she think ails me?" he said.

"I cannot tell you," I replied.

"Speak, you fool!" he repeated angrily. "What does she think ails me? She thinks I am mad; is that it?"

"I admitted that this was the case, and I admitted it in fear and trembling, for I, too, was assured that the poor count was not in full possession of his reason, so different was his conduct from that which I should have expected in one whom all Russia knows and respects."

"Mad to have left my beloved wife's side, though only for a short holiday abroad, that!" he laughed. "Why, man alive, what queer things these women are! Can't a man take a little holiday and enjoy a trip abroad without dragging his whole establishment with him? Besides, I'm away on business."

"The countess is distressed because she has heard nothing of your excellence," I murmured, "and was not even aware of your intention to depart or of your present whereabouts."

"What!" he said, as though surprised. "Has she not received my letters?"

"I believe not one," I said.

"Why, man alive," he said, "I am a

very model of a husband. I came in a hurry, true. But I sent word of my departure by the man who drove me to the station. Since then I have written—as a husband should—nearly every day. Have the letters miscarried?"

"They must have. So far as I am aware the countess has received none at all."

[TO BE CONTINUED.]

Taken Up.

One black stallion with white spot in forehead, three or four years old. Owner will call, pay charges and claim animal.

J. PRINCE.

Sept. 20, '39.

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.
DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR.
LAND OFFICE AT WAUSAU, WIS.,
August 22, 1899.

Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the Clerk of the Circuit Court at Rhinelander, Wis., on September 20, 1899, viz: James F. O'Brien, who made H. E. No. 225, for the SW 1/4 Sec. 25, T. 25 N., R. 10 E.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz: John L. O'Brien, Arthur McDaniel, all of Rhinelander, Wis.

EDGAR T. WHEELER, Register.

CIRCUIT COURT, ONEIDA COUNTY.
JAMES ALLEN, Plaintiff, vs. SUMMONS.
SIXES S. ALLEN, Defendant.

THE STATE OF WISCONSIN—To the said defendant:

You are hereby summoned to appear within twenty days of the service of this summons, exclusive of the day of service, and defend the above entitled action in the court aforesaid, and in case of your failure to do so, judgment will be rendered against you according to the demand of the complaint which is filed in the office of the Clerk of the Circuit Court of Oneida County, Wisconsin.

J. H. ALLEN, Plaintiff's Attorney.
P. O. Address: Rhinelander, Oneida County, Wis.

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.
DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR.
LAND OFFICE AT WAUSAU, WIS.,
August 22, 1899.

Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the Clerk of the Circuit Court at Rhinelander, Wis., on September 20, 1899, viz: Gustave Peterson, who made H. E. No. 225, for the SW 1/4 Sec. 25, T. 25 N., R. 10 E.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz: John Winters, Felix Dolan, Frank Scher, all of Rhinelander, Wis.

EDGAR T. WHEELER, Register.

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.
DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR.
LAND OFFICE AT WAUSAU, WIS.,
August 22, 1899.

Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the Clerk of the Circuit Court at Rhinelander, Wis., on September 20, 1899, viz: Gustave Peterson, who made H. E. No. 225, for the SW 1/4 Sec. 25, T. 25 N., R. 10 E.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz: John Winters, Felix Dolan, Frank Scher, all of Rhinelander, Wis.

EDGAR T. WHEELER, Register.

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.
DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR.
LAND OFFICE AT WAUSAU, WIS.,
August 22, 1899.

Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the Clerk of the Circuit Court at Rhinelander, Wis., on September 20, 1899, viz: Gustave Peterson, who made H. E. No. 225, for the SW 1/4 Sec. 25, T. 25 N., R. 10 E.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz: John Winters, Felix Dolan, Frank Scher, all of Rhinelander, Wis.

EDGAR T. WHEELER, Register.

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.
DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR.
LAND OFFICE AT WAUSAU, WIS.,
August 22, 1899.

Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the Clerk of the Circuit Court at Rhinelander, Wis., on September 20, 1899, viz: Gustave Peterson, who made H. E. No. 225, for the SW 1/4 Sec. 25, T. 25 N., R. 10 E.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz: John Winters, Felix Dolan, Frank Scher, all of Rhinelander, Wis.

EDGAR T. WHEELER, Register.

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.
DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR.
LAND OFFICE AT WAUSAU, WIS.,
August 22, 1899.

Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the Clerk of the Circuit Court at Rhinelander, Wis., on September 20, 1899, viz: Gustave Peterson, who made H. E. No. 225, for the SW 1/4 Sec. 25, T. 25 N., R. 10 E.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz: John Winters, Felix Dolan, Frank Scher, all of Rhinelander, Wis.

EDGAR T. WHEELER, Register.

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.
DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR.
LAND OFFICE AT WAUSAU, WIS.,
August 22, 1899.

Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the Clerk of the Circuit Court at Rhinelander, Wis., on September 20, 1899, viz: Gustave Peterson, who made H. E. No. 225, for the SW 1/4 Sec. 25, T. 25 N., R. 10 E.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz: John Winters, Felix Dolan, Frank Scher, all of Rhinelander, Wis.

EDGAR T. WHEELER, Register.

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.
DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR.
LAND OFFICE AT WAUSAU, WIS.,
August 22, 1899.

Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the Clerk of the Circuit Court at Rhinelander, Wis., on September 20, 1899, viz: Gustave Peterson, who made H. E. No. 225, for the SW 1/4 Sec. 25, T. 25 N., R. 10 E.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz: John Winters, Felix Dolan, Frank Scher, all of Rhinelander, Wis.

EDGAR T. WHEELER, Register.

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.
DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR.
LAND OFFICE AT WAUSAU, WIS.,
August 22, 1899.

Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the Clerk of the Circuit Court at Rhinelander, Wis., on September 20, 1899, viz: Gustave Peterson, who made H. E. No. 225, for the SW 1/4 Sec. 25, T. 25 N., R. 10 E.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz: John Winters, Felix Dolan, Frank Scher, all of Rhinelander, Wis.

EDGAR T. WHEELER, Register.

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.
DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR.
LAND OFFICE AT WAUSAU, WIS.,
August 22, 1899.

Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the Clerk of the Circuit Court at Rhinelander, Wis., on September 20, 1899, viz: Gustave Peterson, who made H. E. No. 225, for the SW 1/4 Sec. 25, T. 25 N., R. 10 E.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz: John Winters, Felix Dolan, Frank Scher, all of Rhinelander, Wis.

EDGAR T. WHEELER, Register.

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.
DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR.
LAND OFFICE AT WAUSAU, WIS.,
August 22, 1899.

Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the Clerk of the Circuit Court at Rhinelander, Wis., on September 20, 1899, viz: Gustave Peterson, who made H. E. No. 225, for the SW 1/4 Sec. 25, T. 25 N., R. 10 E.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz: John Winters, Felix Dolan, Frank Scher, all of Rhinelander, Wis.

EDGAR T. WHEELER, Register.

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.
DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR.
LAND OFFICE AT WAUSAU, WIS.,
August 22, 1899.

Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the Clerk of the Circuit Court at Rhinelander, Wis., on September 20, 1899, viz: Gustave Peterson, who made H. E. No. 225, for the SW 1/4 Sec. 25, T. 25 N., R. 10 E.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz: John Winters, Felix Dolan, Frank Scher, all of Rhinelander, Wis.

EDGAR T. WHEELER, Register.

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.
DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR.
LAND OFFICE AT WAUSAU, WIS.,
August 22, 1899.

Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the Clerk of the Circuit Court at Rhinelander, Wis., on September 20, 1899, viz: Gustave Peterson, who made H. E. No. 225, for the SW 1/4 Sec. 25, T. 25 N., R. 10 E.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz: John Winters, Felix Dolan, Frank Scher, all of Rhinelander, Wis.

EDGAR T. WHEELER, Register.

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.
DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR.
LAND OFFICE AT WAUSAU, WIS.,
August 22, 1899.

Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the Clerk of the Circuit Court at Rhinelander, Wis., on September 20, 1899, viz: Gustave Peterson, who made H. E. No. 225, for the SW 1/4 Sec. 25, T. 25 N., R. 10 E.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz: John Winters, Felix Dolan, Frank Scher, all of Rhinelander, Wis.

EDGAR T. WHEELER, Register.

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.
DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR.
LAND OFFICE AT WAUSAU, WIS.,
August 22, 1899.

Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the Clerk of the Circuit Court at Rhinelander, Wis., on September 20, 1899, viz: Gustave Peterson, who made H. E. No. 225, for the SW 1/4 Sec. 25, T. 25 N., R. 10 E.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz: John Winters, Felix Dolan, Frank Scher, all of Rhinelander, Wis.

EDGAR T. WHEELER, Register.

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.
DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR.
LAND OFFICE AT WAUSAU, WIS.,
August 22, 1899.

Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the Clerk of the Circuit Court at Rhinelander, Wis., on September 20, 1899, viz: Gustave Peterson, who made H. E. No. 225, for the SW 1/4 Sec. 25, T. 25 N., R. 10 E.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz: John Winters, Felix Dolan, Frank Scher, all of Rhinelander, Wis.

EDGAR T. WHEELER, Register.

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.
DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR.
LAND OFFICE AT WAUSAU, WIS.,
August 22, 1899.

Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the Clerk of the Circuit Court at Rhinelander, Wis., on September 20, 1899, viz: Gustave Peterson, who made H. E. No. 225, for the SW 1/4 Sec. 25, T. 25 N., R. 10 E.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz: John Winters, Felix Dolan, Frank Scher, all of Rhinelander, Wis.

EDGAR T. WHEELER, Register.

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.
DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR.
LAND OFFICE AT WAUSAU, WIS.,
August 22, 1899.

Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the Clerk of the Circuit Court at Rhinelander, Wis., on September 20, 1899, viz: Gustave Peterson, who made H. E. No. 225, for the SW 1/4 Sec. 25, T. 25 N., R. 10 E.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz: John Winters, Felix Dolan, Frank Scher, all of Rhinelander, Wis.

EDGAR T. WHEELER, Register.

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.
DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR.
LAND OFFICE AT WAUSAU, WIS.,
August 22, 1899.

Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the Clerk of the Circuit Court at Rhinelander, Wis., on September 20, 1899, viz: Gustave Peterson, who made H. E. No. 225, for the SW 1/4 Sec. 25, T. 25 N., R. 10 E.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz: John Winters, Felix Dolan, Frank Scher, all of Rhinelander, Wis.

EDGAR T. WHEELER, Register.

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.
DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR.
LAND OFFICE AT WAUSAU, WIS.,
August 22, 1899.

Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the Clerk of the Circuit Court at Rhinelander, Wis., on September 20, 1899, viz: Gustave Peterson, who made H. E. No. 225, for the SW 1/4 Sec. 25, T. 25 N., R. 10 E.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz: John Winters, Felix Dolan, Frank Scher, all of Rhinelander, Wis.

EDGAR T. WHEELER, Register.

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.
DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR.
LAND OFFICE AT WAUSAU, WIS.,
August 22, 1899.

Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the Clerk of the Circuit Court at Rhinelander, Wis., on September 20, 1899, viz: Gustave Peterson, who made H. E. No. 225, for the SW 1/4 Sec. 25, T. 25 N., R. 10 E.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz: John Winters, Felix Dolan, Frank Scher, all of Rhinelander, Wis.

EDGAR T. WHEELER, Register.

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.
DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR.
LAND OFFICE AT WAUSAU, WIS.,
August 22, 1899.

Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the Clerk of the Circuit Court at Rhinelander, Wis., on September 20, 1899, viz: Gustave Peterson, who made H. E. No. 225, for the SW 1/4 Sec. 25, T. 25 N., R. 10 E.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz: John Winters, Felix Dolan, Frank Scher, all of Rhinelander, Wis.

EDGAR T. WHEELER, Register.

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.
DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR.
LAND OFFICE AT WAUSAU, WIS.,
August 22, 1899.

Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the Clerk of the Circuit Court at Rhinelander, Wis., on September 20, 1899, viz: Gustave Peterson, who made H. E. No. 225, for the SW 1/4 Sec. 25, T. 25 N., R. 10 E.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz: John Winters, Felix Dolan, Frank Scher, all of Rhinelander, Wis.

EDGAR T. WHEELER, Register.

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.
DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR.
LAND OFFICE AT WAUSAU, WIS.,
August 22, 1899.

Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the Clerk of the Circuit Court at Rhinelander, Wis., on September 20, 1899, viz: Gustave Peterson, who made H. E. No. 225, for the SW 1/4 Sec. 25, T. 25 N., R. 10 E.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz: John Winters, Felix Dolan, Frank Scher, all of Rhinelander, Wis.

EDGAR T. WHEELER, Register.

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.
DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR.
LAND OFFICE AT WAUSAU, WIS.,
August 22, 1899.

Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the Clerk of the Circuit Court at Rhinelander, Wis., on September 20, 1899, viz: Gustave Peterson, who made H. E. No. 225, for the SW 1/4 Sec. 25, T. 25 N., R. 10 E.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz: John Winters, Felix Dolan, Frank Scher, all of Rhinelander, Wis.

EDGAR T. WHEELER, Register.

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.
DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR.
LAND OFFICE AT WAUSAU, WIS.,
August 22, 1899.

Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the Clerk of the Circuit Court at Rhinelander, Wis., on September 20, 1899, viz: Gustave Peterson, who made H. E. No. 225, for the SW 1/4 Sec. 25, T. 25 N., R. 10 E.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz: John Winters, Felix Dolan, Frank Scher, all of Rhinelander, Wis.

EDGAR T. WHEELER, Register.

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.
DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR.
LAND OFFICE AT WAUSAU, WIS.,
August 22, 1899.

Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the Clerk of the Circuit Court at Rhinelander, Wis., on September 20, 1899, viz: Gustave Peterson, who made H. E. No. 225, for the SW 1/4 Sec. 25, T. 25 N., R. 10 E.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz: John Winters, Felix Dolan, Frank Scher, all of Rhinelander, Wis.

EDGAR T. WHEELER, Register.

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.
DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR.
LAND OFFICE AT WAUSAU, WIS.,
August 22, 1899.

Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the Clerk of the Circuit Court at Rhinelander, Wis., on September 20, 1899, viz: Gustave Peterson, who made H. E. No. 225, for the SW 1/4 Sec. 25, T. 25 N., R. 10 E.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz: John Winters, Felix Dolan, Frank Scher, all of Rhinelander, Wis.

EDGAR T. WHEELER, Register.

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.
DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR.
LAND OFFICE AT WAUSAU, WIS.,
August 22, 1899.

Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the Clerk of the Circuit Court at Rhinelander, Wis., on September 20, 1899, viz: Gustave Peterson, who made H. E. No. 225, for the SW 1/4 Sec. 25, T. 25 N., R. 10 E.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz: John Winters, Felix Dolan, Frank Scher, all of Rhinelander, Wis.

EDGAR T. WHEELER, Register.

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.
DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR.
LAND OFFICE AT WAUSAU, WIS.,
August 22, 1899.

Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the Clerk of the Circuit Court at Rhinelander, Wis., on September 20, 1899, viz: Gustave Peterson, who made H. E. No. 225, for the SW 1/4 Sec. 25, T. 25 N., R. 10 E.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz: John Winters, Felix Dolan, Frank Scher, all of Rhinelander, Wis.

EDGAR T. WHEELER, Register.

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.
DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR.
LAND OFFICE AT WAUSAU, WIS.,
August 22, 1899.

Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the Clerk of the Circuit Court at Rhinelander, Wis., on September 20, 1899, viz: Gustave Peterson, who made H. E. No. 225, for the SW 1/4 Sec. 25, T. 25 N., R. 10 E.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz: John Winters, Felix Dolan, Frank Scher, all of Rhinelander, Wis.

EDGAR T. WHEELER, Register.

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.
DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR.
LAND OFFICE AT WAUSAU, WIS.,
August 22, 1899.

Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the Clerk of the Circuit Court at Rhinelander, Wis., on September 20, 1899, viz: Gustave Peterson, who made H. E. No. 225, for the SW 1/4 Sec. 25, T. 25 N., R. 10 E.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz: John Winters, Felix Dolan, Frank Scher, all of Rhinelander, Wis.

EDGAR T. WHEELER, Register.

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.
DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR.
LAND OFFICE AT WAUSAU, WIS.,
August 22, 1899.

Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the Clerk of the Circuit Court at Rhinelander, Wis., on September 20, 1899, viz: Gustave Peterson, who made H. E. No. 225, for the SW 1/4 Sec. 25, T. 25 N., R. 10 E.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz: John Winters, Felix Dolan, Frank Scher, all of Rhinelander, Wis.

EDGAR T. WHEELER, Register.

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.
DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR.
LAND OFFICE AT WAUSAU, WIS.,
August 22, 1899.

Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the Clerk of the Circuit Court at Rhinelander, Wis., on September 20, 1899, viz: Gustave Peterson, who made H. E. No. 225, for the SW 1/4 Sec. 25, T. 25 N., R. 10 E.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz: John Winters, Felix Dolan, Frank Scher, all of Rhinelander, Wis.

EDGAR T. WHEELER, Register.

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.
DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR.
LAND OFFICE AT WAUSAU, WIS.,
August 22, 1899.

Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the Clerk of the Circuit Court at Rhinelander, Wis., on September 20, 1899, viz: Gustave Peterson, who made H. E. No. 225, for the SW